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THE MORNING STAR.

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One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. LXII.—NO. 134. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 25, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,679

The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

A farmer of Chesterfield county, Va., his wife and little son were killed at a railroad crossing near Petersburg, Va. —— Orders have been issued for mustering out a number of volunteer organizations. —— The Spanish Cortes is to be convoked September 5th. —— Bloody fighting between Spaniard and insurgents in the Philippine islands is reported. —— Public schools in Santiago will be re opened September 15th. —— The first detachment of Spanish soldiers from Santiago arrived at Corunna; sixty died on the passage. —— The Haytien government refuses to allow establishment of a U. S. weather bureau station on the island. —— Thos. M. Adams, Democratic nominee for the Georgia Legislature, killed at a political gathering. —— Religious orders are instigating opposition to American supremacy in Manila. —— The arrival of negroes at Pana, Ills., to take the places of white miners threatens serious trouble; the strikers are being reinforced by union miners from all parts of the State. —— More sick soldiers arrived at Montauk Point; there are over 200 cases of typhoid fever; a storm Monday night wrecked many tents. —— Gen. Garcia reports to the Cuban Junta on his conference with Gen. Shafter. —— The Spaniards are bitterly opposed to the cession of the island of Luzon, in the Philippines, to the United States. —— New York markets: Money on call firm at 1½@2 per cent., last loan being at 2 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling uplands 5½c; flour quiet and unchanged; wheat—spot weak; No 2 red 74@74½c; corn—spot easy; No. 2 35½c; rosin quiet; strained, common to good, $1.30@1.45; spirits turpentine steady at 28½@29½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 24.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 78 deg.; 8 P. M., 79 deg.; maximum, 85 deg.; minimum, 74 deg.; mean, 80 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .39; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 4.44 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 18 feet.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The pressure continues low in the Lake regions and comparatively high in the southeast. It is very evenly distributed south of the Lakes and has decreased slightly in the coast States during the day.

Light scattered showers have occurred generally, and rain continues to-night in the lower Mississippi valley, the upper Lake region, and along the North Atlantic coast. The weather is mostly clear in the South Atlantic States, excepting southern Florida. The temperature has fallen slightly throughout the interior, and remains nearly stationary elsewhere. Cincinnati, Ohio, reports a maximum wind velocity of 30 miles from the west.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Light and scattered showers have occurred near the Carolina coasts and in the Mobile and western districts. Cloudy weather continues in the eastern portion of the Carolinas and Georgia; elsewhere the weather is generally clear. The temperature was generally higher yesterday.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Partly cloudy weather with showers on the coast; continued high temperature, southerly winds.

Port Almanac—Aug. 25.

Sun Rises	5.26 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.38 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 12 M.
High Water at Southport	12.51 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	3.21 A. M.

The horse which threw Kaiser William has not yet been punished for lese majeste.

A French baron has renounced his title to become an American citizen. The title of baron couldn't hold a candle to American citizenship.

Hickory is becoming one of the scarce woods, and the demand for it grows. People in the South who own lands growing hickory might profit by making a note of this.

Mr. Dingley says the sentiment for annexation is growing in this country. Probably it is among the fellows who think there may be a show for soft snaps among the annexed.

An exchange remarks that he is a lucky Klondiker who gets back with $5,000 to $10,000. A good many of them may consider themselves lucky if they get back with their skin and bones.

There is a Missouri man who keeps moving all the time. He lives on a floating island in the Mississippi river. The island is well timbered and he has a nice farm and houses on it. But if he lives long he doesn't know what State he may belong to after awhile, as his floating island has moved more than a mile and a half since 1853.

Notwithstanding the "wave of prosperity" that swept over the country after McKinley's election, the shrinkage in the taxable value of real estate in Georgia this year compared with last was about $3,000,000, and this in the face of an increase of $3,000,000 in Fulton county, which includes the city of Atlanta. Outside of that county the decrease would be about $6,000,000.

Lieut. Colonel Woodhul, of the medical department of the army does not believe in boy-soldiers. He says that maturity is not reached until between twenty-three and twenty-five, and that boys under twenty are sure to break down.

According to the latest estimates of the output of gold in the Klondike this year, the average wages of the gold pursurers was only $450, and it would take all that to feed them a month or two if they stay there.

Some English noblemen have a tough time. The poor Duke of Westminister, for instance, has to scuffle along on an income of $1,000,000 a year and finds it hard scratching.

Congressman Dingley thinks a good many of the war taxes have come to stay. The Republican statesmen are great tax-builders.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. B. Cooper—Liverpool salt.
D. L. Gore—Fine N. C. hams.
J. W. Murchison—A bitter warfare.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Lost—Open-face watch.
R. V. Leonard & Bro.—Grocers.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. U. C. Ellis returned to the city yesterday.

— Mr. M. C. Cooper, of Henderson, is at The Orton.

— Mr. C. H. Fore left yesterday for Cleveland Springs.

— Mr. E. M. Hobbs, of Clinton, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. T. T. Pace, of Raleigh, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. B. C. Beckwith, of Raleigh, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

— Master E. P. Baily, Jr., left for Cleveland Springs on yesterday afternoon.

— Messrs. R. H. Grant and J. H. McRee went to Lumberton yesterday afternoon.

— Miss Pauline Sessoms, of Waycross, Ga., is spending a while on Wrightsville Beach.

— Mrs. W. M. Poisson and Miss Cornelia Alderman, left on a visit to friends in Halifax, N. C., on Monday.

— Dr. A. M. Baldwin left yesterday afternoon for Cleveland Springs to join his family who went up last week.

— Miss Eva Anderson, of Wilson, who has been the guest of Miss Ethel Barnes for some time, left last night for her home.

— Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Cooper and Mrs. P. C. Cooper, of Mullins, S. C., were in the city yesterday, on their way to Wrightsville Beach.

— Mr. J. R. Rose, A. C. L. agent at Dudley, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Chadbourn to relieve Mr. G. W. Price, the agent there, for a while.

— Miss Mattie Rigsbee, of Durham, who has been for several weeks visiting her sister, Mrs. C. L. Haywood, left yesterday afternoon for Lumberton to visit Miss Lee Morrison.

— Mr. Robert C. Merritt of the U. S. Engineer's office of this city left on Saturday night for Halifax, N. C., to which point he was summoned to the bedside of Mrs. Merritt who was extremely ill but who it is learned since is now much better.

— Dr. L. R. Warren, wife and son, Master Willie, and Mrs. Wertz, Mrs. Warren's mother, who have been spending some time on Wrightsville beach, guests at Seashore Hotel, left yesterday for their home in Florida.

First New Cotton.

Mr. A. H. Brenner, manager for Capt. J. H. Sloan, has received advices of the shipment of two bales of new cotton which ought to get here early this morning. It was shipped from Timmonsville, S. C., by Messrs. John McSween & Co.

Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son have also been notified that a bale of new cotton has been shipped them from the same place by Mr. Charles A. Smith.

Fourth Ward, Second Precinct.

The White Government Union of the Second Precinct of the Fourth Ward will meet Friday night at 8 o'clock in the rooms formerly occupied by the Western Union Telegraph Company in the old National Bank building on Front street. The Second Precinct includes all that portion of the Ward east of the centre of Fourth street. Rally, white men.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervou Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

IN UNION COUNTY.

Jno. D. Bellamy and C. B. Aycock Discuss Political Issues at Monroe.

GREAT GATHERING OF PEOPLE.

Enthusiastic Reception—Populists and Republicans Present — Democratic Candidate for Congress Made an Excellent Speech.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

MONROE, N. C., August 23.

At an early hour this morning people from every precinct in Union county commenced rolling into Monroe to hear Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, of Wilmington, and Hon. C. B. Aycock, of Goldsboro, discuss the political issues of the day. Both of these distinguished gentlemen were soon established in our Democratic headquarters, and were kept busy shaking hands with Democrats and repentant Populists and Republicans. Such a scene was never before witnessed in our county, and never did such enthusiasm prevail. Judge Starbuck, who is holding our August term of court, very kindly adjourned court at eleven o'clock, and the speakers addressed a large crowd, estimated at 1,000, from the eastern portico of the court house. Hon. Jas. G. Covington, chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, arose and extended to any representative of opposing parties a fair and equal division of time. There was no response and Mr. E. C. Williams, in a short speech, introduced Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Sixth district. Every eye was fixed on the speaker as he arose. His personal traits are extremely engaging, there being a modesty, sincerity and manliness mingled in him which had already won him many friends.

Mr. Bellamy commenced by announcing that he was the Democratic nominee for Congress in this district, and thanking our people for the almost unanimous support they gave him in the nominating convention. He said he stood squarely on the Chicago Democratic platform and State Democratic platform; believed in a low tariff, free silver and favored an income tax. He showed up his opponent, Dockery, in his true light, his vote on the National Banking law while in Congress, his position on the tariff and shifting attitude on the silver question. He did not forget to allude to the $10,000 he borrowed from old "Beast" Butler and his refusal to pay back. In fact, he reviewed his whole political life and held him up to the contempt of all decent people. Even the "niggers" seemed to have lost their old-time enthusiasm for him.

Mr. Bellamy soon began to discuss State issues and affirmed in the outset that he would only state the conditions in North Carolina as they *are*, in order to appeal to the white men of Western North Carolina, to meet them squarely and fairly and rally like true men to the rescue. When the Democrats held control in this State there was almost perfect peace and quiet, but now, under Republican-Populist government, these conditions are changed. No words can portray the mischief and miseries that brood and breed in Eastern Carolina. He reviewed the condition of affairs in '68, '69 and '70 under Republican rule, for the enlightment of the young men and for the purpose of refreshing the memories of the old. He warned the people that we were fast verging on the same conditions of affairs. "I concede," he said, "that the people of North Carolina had some real grievances a few years ago because of Cleveland's attitude on the silver question, but Cleveland's attitude was not the sentiment of our party, and Democratic principles remain true and sound to-day. They are based deep in the eternal verities and no influences, extraneous or internal, can ever destroy them or greatly injure their worth and good." He closed by inviting the Populists to come on back to their first love, Democracy, and redeem the State from negro domination.

The speech was a fine one and won Mr. Bellamy many votes.

Mr. T. J. Jerome in a neat and timely speech introduced Hon. Charles B. Aycock, of Goldsboro, a clean-shaven, robust man in physical health and strength. His great speech proved him to be the peer of any man in North Carolina, distinguished as it is, for the brilliance and eminence of its citizens. He is a natural born leader of men, and there is a great future before him. By a compact and masterful argument, expressed in the purest English, he held his audience spellbound. He arraigned Russell and his hungry horde in great but simple style, and with such wonderful power of statement as to stagger the Populists.

Starting with the origin of Republicanism in this State soon after the war, he traced it along its whole history down to date with masterly force.

"You are again asked to vote for this party which provides nothing useful or beautiful, but which humiliates and degrades our people and breeds disorder, vice, crime; antagonizes our home and schools. Can we, dare we, keep such a party in power and sanction their damnable work? Are the interests of our homes, our society, our wives and daughters, our children and our neighbors, to be sacrificed to such rule? And for whose interest? That one in five hundred may get an office at the expense of all we hold dear; that the other four hundred and ninety-nine may bear the burdens and suffer the indignities heaped upon them."

It would be impossible to give an accurate account of the speech. It was powerful beyond description. Mr. Aycock is indeed a great thinker, an able advocate, a profound and eloquent orator. At the conclusion of his speech many rushed up and shook his hands. The general sentiment of our people is that it was the grandest speech ever delivered here. Many Populists were heard to say as much.

The correspondent of the Charlotte *Observer* referring to Bellamy's speech says:

"Here the speaker went into a discussion of the record of Office Hunter Dockery, as The Wilmington STAR calls him, and he did it pat. He showed him as an enemy to both the white and the black race. In 1859 he was a member of the Legislature and voted for a bill to expel all free negroes from the State, one to provide for the sale of a free negro if he failed to pay his debts, and one to prevent the owners of slaves freeing them by will; how as a member of Congress he always voted on the side of the monopolies and the wealth against the interest of labor; how he was Kirk's brigadier; how he borrowed $10,000 from "Beast Butler," and then voted for his infamous bill by which the bondholders were allowed to double their holdings. His family has lived on office-holding. There has been method in his madness in arraying the negroes against the whites.

"My Son Oliver" got as good drubbing as is often seen. It may be remarked here that an effort was made by Chairman Covington to get Dockery here to have a joint discussion, but his managers refused it.

The speakers have spent the day in handshaking and talking with the people. There has been a long stream of people here all day, and they are pleased beyond measure with the personality of Mr. Bellamy and his every manner. Democratic headquarters have been thronged all day, and the writer never saw more enthusiasm.

Bellamy in Wadesboro.

Bellamy was in Wadesboro Monday. The *Observer* correspondent writes from there:

Hon. John D. Bellamy, Democratic nominee for Congress of this, the Sixth district, spent yesterday and to-day here, forming the acquaintance of our citizens. Mr. Bellamy says that in his house-to-house canvass, which he has been making in the eastern end of the district, he finds scores of Populists who are going to vote the white man's ticket, and especially in the Gibson neighborhood, of Richmond county, the people are fired to the core, and that every Populist he saw was going to vote the Democratic ticket, and not only they but lots of Republicans, having become disgusted with the administration of the past two years, are going to join the Democrats in obtaining decent, capable and honorable government for North Carolina.

Mr. Bellamy is of a very pleasant address, and makes friends of all who come in contact with him. His plan of a house to house canvass is sure to secure for him a seat in Congress.

He expects to visit us again in about two weeks and make us a speech.

GETTING WORSE AND WORSE.

The Negro Ministers of Wilmington in Hearty Sympathy With the Record.

The following appeared in the *Daily Record*, the negro paper published here, in its issue of yesterday:

"The following resolutions were adopted at the regular session of the Ministerial Union, which is composed of the colored ministers of the city:

"'*Resolved*, That the Ministerial Union is in hearty sympathy with the efforts of the *Daily Record* in defending the rights of the race, and that each minister inform his congregation of the present situation and endeavor to sustain the paper by swelling its subscription list and urging prompt payment.'"

As this resolution is unqualified in its language, the inference is that the "colored ministers" of Wilmington are in hearty sympathy with the *Record*, and must, therefore, indorse the villainous editorial attacking white women which appeared in that paper of the 18th inst. Without further comment just now, however, we will give the "Ministerial Union" time to either affirm or deny that they have been correctly reported in the *Record*, and to state whether the resolution was adopted before or after the editorial referred to appeared.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The Republicans Hold a Committee Meeting to Denounce Negro Paper.

The Republican county executive committee held a meeting yesterday and passed resolutions condemning *The Daily Record* for the article which has caused so much commotion recently. The resolutions declare that the *Record* is not now and never has been a Republican or Fusion organ. The article referred to is denounced as a base libel and the writer is repudiated and denounced as a mischief making simpleton.

Twelve members of the executive committee, all colored, were present when the resolutions were passed. A good deal of the force is taken out of them, however, by an article which appears elsewhere in the STAR this morning, showing that the Colored Ministerial Union has passed resolutions expressing hearty sympathy with the *Record*.

APPOINTMENTS FOR BELLAMY.

He Is Now Making a Preliminary Canvass of the Sixth District.

John D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress, is making a preliminary canvass of the Sixth District, and has accepted invitations to speak as follows:

At the great Croatan basket dinner to be given at New Hope, near Pate's Station, Robeson county, Friday, August 26th.

At Lockwood's Folly, Brunswick county, at the Democratic mass convention to be held Thursday, September 1st.

At Burgaw, Pender county (Court week), Monday, September 12th.

NEW TRAVELLING AGENT.

Mr. Will. H. Harrison, who has so acceptably filled the position of Travelling Agent and Correspondent of THE MORNING STAR for nearly a year past, has resigned that position to engage in other business, and is succeeded by Mr. James Pearsall, of Dunn. Mr. Pearsall has travelled extensively the territory in which the STAR circulates so largely, and is in every way thoroughly qualified for the work he has undertaken. We commend him to our friends, and will appreciate any courtesies he may receive at their hands.

Lumberton Fair.

The annual Fair of the Robeson County Fair Association will be held at Lumberton, November 2nd, 3rd and 4th. All space for exhibits free.

FRANK GOUGH, Secy. and Treas. †

LOCAL DOTS.

— Wilmington Lodge of Odd Fellows will confer the initiatory degree upon a candidate to-night.

— A license was issued yesterday evening for the marriage of Mr. Austin Sykes to Miss Mary Allen, both of this city.

— The STAR is authorized to pay 25 cents each for 50 copies of the Wilmington *Daily Record* of Thursday, August 18th.

— The negro demonstration last night was an object lesson. It shows that nothing but a Democratic Legislature can save North Carolina.

— Messrs. R. V. Leonard & Bro. have a card in the STAR this morning asking for shipments of country produce. They also handle groceries.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circulation of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

— Don't forget the meeting of the White Government Union of the First division of the Third Ward to-night at 8 o'clock at the Seaboard Air Line office on Front street.

— The White Government Union of the Second Ward will meet to-night at the office of John D. Bellamy instead of the place heretofore agreed on. Turn out, boys.

— Judging from the crowd of negroes gathered in and around the *Record* office last night, the resolutions of the Republican County Executive Committee will not exert much influence.

— If there is a decent white man in Wilmington who does not now see that it is his imperative duty to join the White Government Union, if he is physically able to walk to the place of meeting, he is past all argument.

— The last hop to be given by the Seashore Hotel during the present season will occur on Saturday evening of this week. The people of Wilmington and those at Wrightsville sound and on the beach are cordially invited.

— Where articles are offered for sale by irresponsible parties at far below the actual value it is an indication that they have been stolen and all good citizens should refuse to purchase and immediately notify the authorities of the fact.

Mayor Wright yesterday fined Martha Smith, colored, $10.00 and costs for disorderly conduct. There were two other negroes charged with similar offences. Carrie Davis was fined $5.00 and costs, while Cato Smith was discharged on the payment of costs.

— News was received here yesterday that Joe Coney, the thirteen year old son of Walter Coney, formerly of this city but now of Savannah, had shot and perhaps fatally wounded himself. The ball entered at the nose and lodged near the brain causing partial paralysis.

DEATH OF MR. W. H. FRENCH.

At His Former Home in Bangor, Maine, Yesterday Morning.

The STAR was sincerely grieved yesterday to hear of the death of Mr. W. H. French at Bangor, Me. He was a man of such sturdy health that the news of his death produced quite a shock yesterday upon all who heard it. He was a brother of Mr. G. Z. French, who is so well known in Wilmington.

Mr. French left here for Bangor, Me., just a week ago last night. He had been having chills and fever and went to his home to recuperate. Yesterday Mr. W. H. Shaw received a telegram from Mr. G. Z. French stating that the brother of the latter had died yesterday morning.

Mr. French came to this section soon after the war. For a long time he had been engaged in the trucking business at Rocky Point, and he was a member of the firm of French Bros., manufacturers of fertilizers.

About two years ago he was married to Miss Laura Taylor. She and two brothers, Messrs. G. Z. French and Abner French, the latter of Bangor, survive the deceased. Another brother, Mr. Josiah French, died about four years ago in Bangor.

THE FIRE YESTERDAY MORNING.

Residence of 'Squire Evans Damaged—Loss Covered by Insurance.

Yesterday morning between 3.30 and 4 o'clock fire was discovered in the dining room of the residence of 'Squire Wm. McD. Evans, No. 817 North Third street. 'Squire Evans called in several of his neighbors and succeeded in extinguishing the flames before any very serious damage was done. As it was the injury to personal property and building was about $25. The fire seemed to have started in a sideboard drawer, and was evidently due to rats and loose matches.

An alarm of fire was turned in and the department responded promptly. However, the fire was out before they reached the building. 'Squire Evans says that special credit is due Dr. W. H. Moore, colored, and several other colored people who came to his assistance. The damage to his residence and furniture is covered by insurance with Stedman and Chadbourn.

Detached from Nantucket.

By the New York *Herald* it is learned that Lieutenants H. H. McIlhenny, T. M. Morse, W. M. Atkinson and R. H. McKoy are detached from the *Nantucket* and ordered to the sixth district auxiliary naval force. All of them are capable officers. Their friends will be glad to know that they are to be kept in the service in good positions.

RIOTOUS NEGROES.

Threatening Demonstration by a Mob Last Night on Princess Street.

NO KNOWN CAUSE FOR IT.

Angry Mutterings Against the Whites—Police Inefficent or Indifferent—Finally Persuaded the Angry Mob to Disperse.

From early twilight until almost 11 o'clock last night lower Princess street, between Water and Second, was thronged with an excited crowd of negroes. There were also large numbers of them moving to and fro about adjacent streets. Those on Princess street stood about in groups evidently discussing some very exciting theme.

The Mecca toward which their interest seemed to centre was the office of the *Daily Record*, the negro paper which recently published such a vile slander upon white women of the South. It had been whispered about amongst the colored people of the city during the afternoon that the fellow Manly who poses as editor of the sheet had received an anonymous letter during the day giving him notice that his presence in this city could no longer be endured and that he must get out to parts very remote within 24 hours. The *Record* office is one door removed from the corner of Princess and Water streets and the extension steps leading up to the entrance on the second floor and the office apartments were well filled with other negroes, who jointly with those in the streets were awaiting developments to, if needs be, protect "Editor" Manly from the expected avengers of defamed white womanhood.

The police on that beat were powerless to scatter the crowds, and Chief of Police Melton swore in two extra police and called in the officers from several adjacent beats for the purpose of persuading the negroes to disperse. Mayor Wright also went down and mingled with the crowd, striving to persuade them that there was no danger whatever of any attempt being made upon the life of Manly. The officers finally persuaded them to retire, only a company of the leaders remaining to garrison the *Record* office. All night, however, there were others moving about the adjacent corners and side streets actuated by either fear that some attempt would be made or else by curiosity.

While the white people of the city are justly very indignant at the *Record's* dastardly editorial, and feel that the most extreme measures for retribution would be justifiable, it was the general opinion last night that the anonymous letter which created the excitement was without any backing, save in the unknown person who penned and mailed it. The whole excitement, so far as was created by the letter, was generally pronounced "much-ado about nothing."

IN JUSTICE BUNTING'S COURT.

Four Cases Disposed of Yesterday—Fines Imposed in Two Cases.

Justice R. H. Bunting sat in judgment in four cases yesterday. Two of the cases were for assault and battery, another for disorderly conduct and the fourth was a peace warrant. The two first named offences were committed by Alma Howard and Charles Tyler, both colored. The Howard woman was dismissed on the payment of costs and Tyler was fined $5 and costs. The assault by Tyler was made upon Frank Onslow. "Major" Burns, colored, was fined $5 and costs for disorderly conduct. Emerline Brown, colored, was placed under a three months bond to keep the peace and taxed with the costs in the action.

Tried for Stealing a Watch.

Thomas Hopkins, a colored boy, was tried yesterday before Justice Fowler on the charge of stealing a watch from Mr. Scott of the Carolina Cooperage Company. The charge was that the watch was taken from a coat while hanging in an apartment at the shops. However, the Justice ruled that the evidence showed that several boys passed through the room about the time the watch was stolen and there was no evidence that Hopkins committed the theft.

Justice Bornemann's Court.

Alaxander Andrews, Garlie Smith and Samuel Spencer, all colored, were before Justice Bornemann yesterday morning charged with disorderly conduct at a festival Monday night. They were found guilty and were let off on the payment of costs which amounted to $4.35 for each. Francis Anderson, colored, was found guilty of disorderly conduct. Judgment was suspended upon the payment of costs.

Committed Suicide.

Geo. C. Taylor, a government employe appointed from Burgaw, committed suicide Tuesday night at his boarding house in Washington City by taking laudanum. The police notified the father of the deceased and asked what disposition should be made of the body. Taylor was 32 years of age. He had been despondent for several days.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

NO FURTHER ARRESTS MADE.

Three Cases in the McNair & Pearsall Theft Continued Until To-day. Mr. Lewis' Case.

The three negroes who were arrested Tuesday charged with being implicated in the theft of meat and other classes of stock from railroad cars consigned to Messrs. McNair & Pearsall, Tuesday afternoon, were not tried yesterday, the cases having been postponed until to-day. The negroes are Lewis Jarman, Joe Hooper and William Murphy. The story of the investigation and arrests was told in yesterday's STAR.

Mr. Edward Lewis, who is in the employ of Messrs. McNair and Pearsall was arraigned before the Mayor as being implicated in the same case. Joe Douglas, a negro drayman, was the witness against Mr. Lewis. He merely swore that he had hauled meat to the store of Mr. C. C. Workman. The meat he said was hauled by order of Mr. Lewis.

Mr. Lewis swore that he had sent meat and old salt to Mr. Workman, but always by order of Mr. Leftwich, the shipping clerk, that is so far as the meat was concerned. He said that on one or two occasions he, at the request of Mr. Workman, put the side of meat (he never bought more than a side) into a box or bag and filled it with salt in which the meat had been shipped, making the package weigh something like 100 pounds. Iredell Meares, Esq., who was present as attorney for the Carolina Central railroad in the cases against the three negroes, told Mayor Wright that he did not believe Mr. Lewis was guilty and should not be bound over to court. However, the Mayor contended that he did not have jurisdiction in the matter and required a $100 justified bond for Mr. Lewis' appearance at the October term of the Criminal Court. Mr. McNair, one of his employers, gave the bond. Mr. Lewis is a man of excellent reputation and his friends confidently believe that the case can but be promptly dismissed when called for trial in the Criminal Court.

No further arrests have yet been made. The officers have been on the lookout for Bob Nixon, colored, whose store was raided and relieved of stolen goods Tuesday. They have not been able to locate him.

THE ORPHANS' OUTING.

Report of Committee on Entertainment Representing Lodges in Wilmington.

The committee on Orphans' Outing has reported as follows:

WILMINGTON, N. C., August 23, 1898

To the Officers and Members Cape Fear No. 2, Orion No. 67, Wilmington, No. 139 and Hanover No. 145, I. O. O. F.

We your Committee on Orphans' Outing beg to submit the following: Programme was carried out as submitted. Party consisting of forty, left the Home, Tuesday morning, August 16th, arriving here at 9:30, were transferred by the Wilmington Street Railway Company to the Seacoast depot, and were taken to the Seashore Hotel, where they remained until Wednesday evening's six o'clock train, by which they returned to the city, and were entertained by loving friends until Friday morning, when they left for the Home with happy hearts and many pleasant recollections of the grand time spent with us. We feel that these outings do good to our children, and the order. We wish you all could have been at the seashore and seen the children in bathing, wading and amusing themselves. Many courtesies were shown them by residents on the beach and the impression they made was very favorable and complimentary to their training and our order.

Thursday evening they were entertained at the hall of Hanover Lodge by Letitia Lodge Daughters of Rebecca. The reception was heartly enjoyed by all the children, and those who were so fortunate as to be present. Special low rates from the Atlantic Coast Line, free transportation by the Wilmington Street Railway Company to the Seacoast R. R., baggage transferred by S. P. Cowan & Co. free, badges printed free of cost by Jackson & Bell, bath suits furnished and special rates given by the SeashoreHotel, courtesies of city papers and others, made it very pleasant for your committee, and materially reduced the cost of outing. For all these courtesies we wish to extend our thanks. We feel that the Father of the Orphans will reward them for their kind attentions.

Respectfully submitted,
MARCUS W. JACOBI,
Chairman Joint Committee.
T. G. EVANS, Secretary.

The committee was composed as follows: Cape Fear Lodge No. 2, M. W. Jacobi, W. H. Yopp and J. O. Powers; Orion, No. 69, J. E. Gordon, F. B. Rice and J. W. Cate; Wilmington, No. 139; J. W. Monroe, T. G. Evans and A. G. Ellis; Hanover, No. 145, W. H. Howell, B. W. Dunham and J. O. Wiggs.

Will Be Here August 30th.

Rev. William Wootten received a letter yesterday from Mrs. Wootten at Jacksonville, Fla., saying that she would probably start for Wilmington with her son, Adjutant Bradley Wootten, on Tuesday of next week and reach here on the 30th inst. She says the attending physicians have pronounced Bradley free from fever and it is only a question of a few days when he will be able to undertake the journey.

Battery I.

Sergeant Flynn, of Battery I, was a visitor to the city yesterday. Since his last visit here he has been promoted to quartermaster sergeant with the rank of first sergeant.

Lieut. Richmond P. Davis has been transferred to West Point to serve as instructor, and Lieut. Timberlake has been made first lieutenant, his own place going to Lieut. Carpenter. Lieut. Davis was here Monday on his way to West Point.

THE LATE M. J. DINGELHOEF.

Funeral Yesterday from St. Paul's Lutheran Church—A Large Attendance.

The funeral of the late M. J. Dingelhoef was held yesterday morning from the residence, 207 North Fifth street, thence to St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church. The funeral procession was headed by Howard Relief Fire Engine Company and Germania Lodge K. of P. in a body. At the church the two bodies formed lines through which the coffin was carried.

The Lutheran service for the dead was conducted by Rev. Dr. A. G. Voigt, the pastor of St. Paul's, assisted by Rev. Dr. G. D. Bernheim. Miss Katie Stolter was the organist and the choir was composed of Misses Emma Hutaff, Annie Adrian, Elese Ortmann and Messrs. C. W. Blomme and Will Rehder. At the opening of the service a solo was sweetly sung by Miss Annie Adrian.

The interment was made at Oakdale with Pythian honors, Mr. John Haar acting as prelate. The hymn "Rock of Ages" was sung at the grave. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful, especially one from the Howard Relief Fire Engine Company. Another mark of respect for the deceased was that the flag over Adrian Hall was kept at half-mast all Tuesday and yesterday until after the funeral.

The honorary pall bearers were Dr. J. T. Schonwald, H. E. Bonitz, J. F. Rulfs, Sr., and P. Heinsberger; and the following gentlemen were the active pall bearers: Prof. M. C. S. Noble and Messrs. John Haar, J. W. Duls, E. Peschau, M. Rathjen and J. E. Crow.

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT

At the Y. M. C. A. for the Benefit of a Deserving Young Lady.

Miss Norma Foster is a gifted young violinist, with ambition to become still more proficient in the use of the violin. She hopes to go to the New England Conservatory of Music the coming session and will by her own work pay the greater part of her expenses. She has a number of friends, however, who wish to help her get the musical training which she would so well utilize, and so these friends are arranging a musical entertainment at the Y. M. C. A., the proceeds of which will be for the purpose indicated. The statement that it will be under the direction of Miss Mattie Chasten is sufficient guarantee that it will be a success.

An admission fee of ten cents will be charged and refreshments at nominal prices will be served.

About the Mileage Books.

A STAR reporter had a conversation yesterday with Mr. James Kyle, manager of the Wilmington Tariff Association, in regard to the mileage petition which the Association has laid before the Railroad Commission and which it did not grant. A rehearing has been secured and the matter is to come up again in September. Whether or not the petition will be granted depends to some extent upon the efforts which will be made by other commercial organizations as well as the Tariff Association. It is a matter which will affect all parts of the State, and it is rightly thought by the Tariff Association officials that the Chambers of Commerce in the various towns and cities might help out matters by taking some action.

Goes to Inspect the Work.

Mr. S. A. Schloss will leave this afternoon for Raleigh, where he goes to inspect the recently remodeled and renevated Academy of Music of which he is lessee. He will remain over Friday night and attend the opening of the Academy which will be on that evening. Al. G. Field's minstrels will be the attraction. The improvements in the Raleigh Academy are quite extensive and somewhat more so than those being made by Mr. Schloss in the Wilmington Opera House.

Hanover Seaside Club Hop.

The hop at Hanover Seaside Club last night was a highly successful and very pleasant affair and was attended by a large number of clubmen and their friends. Dancing was in progress from 3 o'clock in the afternoon until the last boat left the beach at 11.30 o'clock.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

DIED.

MCCLAMMY—In this city yesterday at 3.30 P. M., Miss NORA MCCLAMMY, aged 20 years, daughter of Mr. Charles McClammy.

Funeral to-morrow (Friday) morning at 9 o'clock, from residence, No. 613 South Seventh street; thence to the family burial ground, Wrightsville Sound. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opera House.
Monday, Aug. 29, 8.30 P. M.

Lecture by Rev. L. G. Broughton, of Atlanta. Subject: "THE LIVING MUSEUM OF HUMAN CURIOSITIES."

Admission, 25 cents.

Tickets on sale at Gerken's. au 24 3t

HAMS, HAMS.
600 Pounds
Fine North Carolina Hams

ON CONSIGNMENT AND MUST BE SOLD. COME AND BUY.

D. L. Gore,

No. 123, 125 and 127 North Water St. au 23 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.

Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.

Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.

Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.

Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.

Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

A DECISION WHICH "BLAZES THE WAY."

Major Wm. A. Guthrie is a Populist and of sufficient prominence in the party to have been its candidate for Governor two years ago. But he believes in white supremacy and that it is better not only for the white man but for the black man that the white man should rule not only in the State but in the counties and municipalities. In reviewing the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of the city of Wilmington, which decision sustains the validity of the act of the Legislature under which this city is now governed, he contends that this decision, although that question did not come up, applies equally to the counties and townships. He argues thus:

"Broadly stated, the doctrine is established in that case that under our State constitution as amended in 1875, the particular kind of municipal government which shall be established for all municipalities shall be whatever the General Assembly may in its own unlimited discretion prescribe. And the court holds that this is so, for the reason that this is so written in Article VII of the Constitution itself, which article is entitled: 'Municipal Corporations.' Now it will be noticed that Article VII of the constitution embraces counties and townships, as well as cities and towns. It is true that the particular legislation in Harriss vs. Wright which was before the court for review and to be passed upon as to its constitutionality, related only to the City of Wilmington as a municipal corporation. But the scope of the decision must from necessity apply equally to every county in the State as a municipal corporation, standing on the very same footing, under the very same constitutional provision.

"The court upholds as constitutional the present city charter of Wilmington, which allows the voters of that city to elect one alderman from each ward, and the Governor to appoint one alderman from each ward, and the aldermen (both those elected by the people and those appointed by the Governor) to elect a Mayor. Under this decision the General Assembly has the absolute power to prescribe one kind of county government for one county, and another entirely different kind of county government for another county, or the other counties in the State. For instance, the General Assembly might prescribe that the voters should elect all the county and township officers in the counties of Wake, Durham, Chatham, etc., and on the other hand provide that the voters of Halifax, Northampton, Edgecombe, Craven, etc., should elect a part only, or elect none of the county and township officers in those particular counties. For in this matter of municipal government, there is no restriction or limitation in the constitution which requires uniformity throughout the whole State in county and township governments. And as above pointed out, counties and townships stand precisely on the same footing with cities and towns in this particular, and for the reasons stated by the court in Harris vs. Wright—because the constitution is so written. Then, why should not the white counties of North Carolina send enough patriotic representatives to the next General Assembly who will put the general interests of the State above all mere partisan considerations and themselves elect good men for the county offices, or frame such a system of appointive local county and township officers, (as well as city and town officers) to take charge of the affairs of such of our eastern counties as are, unhappily for both races, cursed with a continual wrangle and broil about their corrupt and inefficient local municipal governments? Why not eliminate the negro question to this extent at least from State politics, and while laying a legislative restraining hand upon the colored citizen for his own good, thereby protect the material interests of all races in these exceptional localities, without at the same time doing any violence whatever to the rights of the citizens of the white counties to elect their own county and township officers, as is now being done, and to manage and control without restraint their own local muncipal affairs. The decision of the court in Harris vs. Wright blazes out the road for our lawmakers to travel, if they see fit to do it, and clears away all legal doubts as to the constitutionality of laws such as I have suggested, to relieve the vexatious situation. Let the people next November elect an honest and patriotic legislature, and something on this line will be done to set at rest the negro question in the local politics of our eastern counties, and give those counties decent local government so long as the white people in the rest of the State desire it to remain so. Can any man who really loves our State wish to see anything else but good government in each and every county of the State? What affects one county in some way, to a greater or less extent, must of necessity affect every other county taking the State as a whole, and in this matter of good local municipal government every voter in the State is concerned, or ought to be."

The county government as well as the municipal government system worked pretty well under Democratic management but the Republicans and the Populists, too, made that one of the campaign issues, with the demagogue cry that the Democratic plan denied the people the right to choose their own county commissioners and magistrates. We say this was a demagogue cry because the people were not deprived of the right to choose their own commissioners and magistrates any more than the people of the United States are deprived of the right to choose their President, or than the people of the States are deprived of the right to choose their U. S. Senators. The President is chosen by electors elected by the people and the Senators by Legislatures elected by the people, and in the Democratic plan of county government, the magistrates appointed by the Legislature which was chosen by the people elected the county commissioners. This was simply a safeguard against ignorence, viciousness and incompetence and kept the county governments in the control of the more intelligent and better class of white people, the class that pay the taxes and are the most interested in good honest and competent government. There were no negro commissioners, magistrates, constables, deputy sheriffs and school committee men then (at least for white schools) and none of our towns were run by negro boards of aldermen. As long as that system was inforced we had law and order, there were no race conflicts, there were no negro conventions clamoring for more offices, and for a division in proportion to the power they wield in the Republican party, the State prospered as well as the condition of the times would permit, and there was no complaint amongst the people. It was the political demagogues who raised the clamor under the pretence that the people were being deprived of their inalienable right to home rule, and of course this caught the negroes especially, who were persuaded that the Democratic system of county and municipal government was a blow direct at them, which it was in fact as the purpose of that plan was to keep our county and municipal governments in the control of white men, as it did.

The unhappy condition of North Carolina under this regime emphasizes the importance and necessity of a patriotic effort to elect a legislature with brains and patriotism enough to look to the welfare of North Carolina and not sacrifice that welfare and degrade the State to curry favor with the negro rabble and win their votes.

All the progress that North Carolina has ever made has been under white rule and if the wheels of progress have not been stopped under the present rule, it is because of the belief that it will not be of long duration. The center and the West do not feel as keenly as the East does the degradation that has been put upon us, because white men are in the majority there, and they can take care of themselves, but what hurts us hurts them too, for one part of the State cannot suffer without others feeling it, and therefore from interest if not from pride of race or sympathy with the white people of the East they should make common cause with us, come to the rescue and join hands for the reestablishment of white supremacy from one end of North Carolina to the other.

STRUCK A SNAG.

The Populist Convention for Wake county was held at Raleigh last Saturday. It was dominated by the S. Otho Wilson faction, and resolved on fusion for spoils and S. Otho was anxious for it because S. Otho has some axes to grind and needs Republican help to turn the stone.

But S. Otho struck a snag in fully carrying out his programme. He can't deliver all the goods. There are Populists in Wake county, as there are all over the State, who object to being bartered and turned over to the Republican party for the benefit of S. Otho Wilson and other gentlemen who find officeholding an easier way to make a living than working for it.

When the Otho crowd resolved upon fusion with the Republicans these Populists objected to being traded off, filed notice of objection, retired from the convention and later issued a call for a genuine Populist convention to meet at Raleigh on the 3d day of September to nominate a straight ticket. The address in which the call is made gives the following as the reason:

"Believing in the justice of the principles of the People's party, and that the evils under which this country labors will never be remedied until such demands are enacted into law, we maintain that these righteous principles should never be sacrificed for office alone, for the benefit of a few."

This address was signed by eighteen of the most prominent Populists in the county, who do not believe that the principles of the party should be "sacrificed for office alone for the benefit of a few," and they fully understand that this is all the sacrifice is made for, to put S. Otho Wilson and other hungry office-hunters into soft positions, while those who put them there might tug along and sweat without gaining anything in return.

A QUESTION OF HONESTY.

The Raleigh *Caucasian* is Senator Butler's organ. He does much if not most of the editorial writing for that paper, but whenever he finds it prudent to crawfish, he has another editor, Hal Ayer, to throw off on. The following is an extract from the editorial columns of the *Caucasian*:

"We don't believe in the honesty of any man who says he is a Populist and then says he is willing to vote for a gold bug. He may be honest but we don't want to be mixed up with any such honesty. A man may be a good fellow in his way but it might be a very proper thing to damn his way."

We do not know whether it was editor Butler or editor Ayer who wrote this, but if Butler were asked about it he would doubtless say "them's my sentiments," or words to that effect. And yet we find Populists who like Senator Butler, profess to be opposed to putting goldbugs in office supporting Office Hunter Dockery for Congress in this district when they know that he is running on a gold standard platform, and knew it when they took him up and nominated him at Wadesboro after he had received and accepted the nomination which he sought from the Republican convention. Of course no one can see the honesty in professing one thing and voting for another, but as far as known Senator Butler has never publicly protested against this attempted transfer of the Populist votes of the Sixth district to goldbug Office Hunter Dockery. Butler's action, or inaction, is not consistent with his editorial chat.

MINOR MENTION.

Booker T. Washington, president of the Tuskegee (Ala.) Colored Institute, has achieved distinction as a man of remarkably good sense, and as a teacher of his people, who stands in striking contrast to the majority of their leaders, both black and white. We have heretofore given extracts from his addresses to the colored people, but the following from a recent address is as full of good counsel and good, hard sense as an egg is of meat:

"Our race is in too big a hur[illegible] The preachers want the title of D[illegible] before they know divinity. Al[illegible] every graduate in the English cou[illegible] must be addressed as "Profess[illegible] We want a biography before we [illegible] lived. Some want to take Latin and Greek who do not know the personal pronoun in English. Some want post-offices who do not know how many stamped envelopes to give for 11 cents. Go to the farm; stick to the farm. * * * We do not want to govern the country until we learn to govern the home."

There is no man living, white or black, who has made a closer study of the race question or of his race than Booker T. Washington, nor one who more thoroughly understands their pecularities and their weaknesses, nor is there one who has given them more good advice or done more to lead them in the way they should go. If they took his advice instead of the advice of political mountebanks, white and black, there would be less race prejudice and no race conflict. "We do not want to govern the country," he says, "until we have learn to govern the home." But in this State they do and they are now holding conventions in which they claim the right to their share of the offices, while their speakers contend that they have men among them fit to hold any and all offices from President down, and it is to these rather than to men like Booker T. Washington that the masses of the negroes listen.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D.: "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1. Guaranteed or price refunded. †

Brunswick County Democratic Convention.

The Democrats of Brunswick are requested to meet in County Convention at Lockwood's Folly on Thursday, the first day of September, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating county candidates, electing an Executive Committee—five active Democrats for each precinct—Chairman of County Executive Committee and delegates to Senatorial Convention. All who have heretofore affiliated with other parties and intend to support the Democratic nominees are cordially invited to meet with us.

By order of the County Executive Committee. D. B. McNEILL, Chairman.

August 6, 1898.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

POINTS POLITICAL.

RESENT SUCH GROSS LIBEL.

Poor White Farmers' wives are charged by the negro editor of the Republican organ at Wilmington with "clandestine meetings" with negro men. Will not every farmer in the State resent such gross libel upon the women of our State? Poverty is no crime, though it may be a misfortune, but this misfortune should protect its innocent victims from such vicious slanders.—*Raleigh Post.*

A CHAMPION FUSIONIST.

Our Mayor's Court yesterday (Friday) presented a sickening scene. A negro Alderman of this Capital City—a leading Republican in his ward—was arraigned before Mayor Russ charged by his own wife with having held her while another negro woman beat her unmercifully. Just think of it! The Mayor of our city to be called upon to bind over for appearance in his court one of the Board of Aldermen, elected to make the laws, levy and spend the taxes, uphold morality and decent government, for laying violent hands on his own wife and permitting a negro wench to beat and bruise her. And this is another negro representative of the Republican party, a strong supporter of the present condition of affairs in the State, and a howler for the fusion agreed upon last Saturday under the sanction of Dr. Thompson, Auditor Ayer, Otho Wilson and George Skinnoffski.—*Raleigh Post.*

THE NATURAL OUTCOME.

We are requested to state in behalf of Governor Russell that the negro who edits the Wilmington paper, and who wrote the vile calumny upon the wives of poor white farmers and young white ladies of culture, is not his friend or supporter, but has been his enemy throughout, and that the Governor denounces the scoundrel as severely as any can. We give the Governor the benefit of this statement; but we must say to him frankly that only the triumph of the combination which placed him in the Executive office could have bred such wanton insolence on the part of a negro or one of any other race in North Carolina. It is the natural outcome of the triumph of Republicanism, with its 120,000 negroes. If the white people permit this combination to succeed this fall, such gross outrages as that which the Governor condemns in one of his own party is but the forerunner of worse to follow.—*Raleigh Post.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Maud—"Yes, as Goethe says, 'Poets must suffer before they can write.'" Dorothy—"True, and then it is our turn."—*New York Truth.*

— "Why don't Quigg and his fiancee get married?" "They both spent so much trying to captivate each other that they can't afford it."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— A Diplomatic Reply: She—"Did you tell your friend that I was getting to be like an elephant?" He—"Yes, dear; you know elephants are terribly afraid of mice."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— Resemblance: Jinks—"They say married people grow to resemble each other." Mrs. Jinks—"Well, I know it's quite impossible for a married woman to keep her good looks." [illegible] older."—*New York Weekly.*

— True Happiness: Quericus—"Who is the happier, a man who has £100,000 or one who has seven daughters?" Rabbi—"The latter." Quericus—"Why?" Rabbi—"The man with £100,000 wants more, the other doesn't. *Tit-Bits.*

— He Had His Good Points—Ferry—"That isn't much of a tailor you are patronizing now." Hargreaves—"I know he isn't much of a fitter, but he is so short-sighted he can't recognize a man ten feet away." *Stray Stories.*

— Knows All About Him: "Do you know McShifter pretty well?" "Know him? Every time he expresses an opinion I can tell whether it it his own or whether he got it from his wife."—*Chicago Post.*

— Peasant—"Five dollars fine for entering this estate." Tourist—"But why is no warning sign put up then?" "We had one, but took it down again, for while it was up no one came in."—*Fliegende Blatter.*

— Mr. Bickers (a bachelor)—"Thompson got married so that he wouldn't have to go to war." Mr. Tiff (a benedict)—"If he thinks he can avoid fighting that way he is very much mistaken."—*New York World.*

— Fond Mother to her precious son, aged twelve years—"Willie, what would you like to give your cousin Harry for his birthday?" Willie (who has his own opinion of Cousin Harry, aged sixteen)—"I know what I'd like to give him, but I ain't big enough.—*Judy.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Winston *Journal:* Happy Hill was the scene of another shooting scrape Sunday morning. Charles Harmon, Early Palmer and Margaret Pritchard, all colored, were the participants. Harmon and Palmer got into a quarel when the former pulled a pistol and fired at the latter. The bullet missed Palmer, but struck Margaret Pritchard in the arm and side and killed her instantly. Harmon fired again and then fled. Palmer ran in a house, picked up a shotgun and started after Harmon but could not find him.

— Charlotte *News:* The State grants a charter to the Lippards & Shealey Cotton Manufacturing Company of Concord. Capital $50,000. The company will build a cotton mill. —— Mr. R. F. Christenbury, of Cabarrus, was here to-day. He says the water during the freshet this week was higher than ever before known in Cabarrus. On Clark's creek and Rocky River, just across the Cabarrus line from Mecklenburg, the water was higher than it has been before in sixty years. So far as heard from every bridge over both these streams has been washed away. Corn in the lowlands was terribly damaged, and what promised to be the finest crop in many years is practically ruined.

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that State, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

DROWNING.

An Experience Which Shows That It Is Not a Pleasant Death.

"Drowning is a pleasant death" is a remark constantly made by those who never gulped down salt water into the delicate tissues of their lungs. As a lad I was bathing in rough weather on the beach of a watering place in northern France, says Arnold White in Cassel's Family Magazine. Swept out to sea, I struggled, sank, became insensible and was saved by the courage and skill of a gallant Frenchman, who wrote his name that day in my mother's New Testament as a memorial of the rescue. This was all. The circumstances were ordinary. A thousand such may occur. Psychologically, however, there are points of interest which arise principally from the fact that I remember all that happened during a period of time which may have been four or five minutes, but which appeared to be as many hours.

Almost immediately I entered the water, the much resounding roar of the waves struck me as desolating and sorrowful—full of foreboding and terror. Ashamed of this fancy, I instinctively but foolishly fought my way seaward, and was promptly out of my depth; not because I intended to run any risk, for I could not swim, but because the strong current had scooped out a hollow in the sandy bottom, which had six feet of water on the top of it.

Tumbled over by the waves, the concentrated agony of the moment when the water closed over my head for the first time cannot be described. It was the bitterest point of the struggle. Cruel and omnipotent force, without warning or reason, surrounded me and my frantic and determined efforts to escape only increased the pent up passion to cease holding my breath and to inhale once more. I felt instinctively, as I writhed in the cold, black water, that if once I succumbed to the temptation to expel my breath, which almost burst the ribs in my angry efforts to retain it, the end would come; that I should be compelled to breathe inward while covered with the pressing salt water. At this time I must have given way, and the dreaded stream of air bubbles rose to the surface.

A few weeks before I had watched the drowning of a cat in the clear water of a running stream. The animal was tethered to a stone and had fought with upturned face for liberty. When the bubbles rose in a silver fountain from the corners of its mouth, it stood at the bottom swaying in the gentle current, turned over, and, after one final struggle, gave up the ghost. This scene came vividly before me. I thought of this wretched cat, and was half amused to think that my case was the case of the cat. There was no fear; the actual circumstances filled my attention, and the piteous longing to escape and the inability of my efforts suddenly became subordinated to the feeling of intolerable pain.

Eyes, chest, limbs, were all one solid pain. Just then I touched the sandy bottom with my fingers and knee, and hastily snatched a handful of sand and water to thrust in my mouth to end this struggle for air. All I wanted was to end the pain. No thought of death, except [illegible] interesting and immaterial [illegible] in the situation, came over [illegible]t is true that I remembered [illegible] should be missed when [illegible]me came and I was found missing, and thinking of the home people I thought of a blue tie I had left on a chest of drawers in my bedroom, which I had intended to put on. Then, suddenly, I found my eyes above water for a second, and I saw two blurred figures near. On this I sank again and was conscious of relaxing effort and sinking out of a conscious state to one in which one dreamed without knowing what the dreams were. From this I awoke in great pain in the center of a crowd on the beach, whither my rescuer had borne me.

Klondike Bill's Revenge.

Many amusing incidents occur in the Klondike camps from time to time. The latest was on Swift Water Bill. Bill was in love with a girl. She jilted him. The next morning he was sitting in a restaurant waiting for breakfast. The woman entered. She ordered eggs. Before the waiter got to the kitchen Bill called him over and said:

"How many eggs have you got in the house?"

"About 300."

"What are they worth?"

"A dollar apiece."

"I will take every egg in the house. See that not one escapes."

The eggs were brought and the money weighed out. The woman who had jilted him got no eggs for breakfast and was compelled to order large slices of crow in the shape of bacon and beans.—St. Louis Republic.

With a Reservation.

He—Do you mean to say that you have never loved but once?

She—I do. I mean the same man, of course.—Detroit Free Press.

English Soldiers Versus Civilians.

In Great Britain the position of the private soldier has one advantage over all other trades. At the age of 39 he can retire on a pension of from 50 cents to $1.12 a day. There is no business that secures such a provision for a workingman.

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at R. R. BELLAMY's Drug Store, only 50 cents per bottle. †

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

GOVERNED THEMSELVES.

Rowland Hill's School Was Operated Under a Written Constitution.

The most interesting experiment in education, so far as I know, as well as one of the earliest, was made by one Rowland Hill, when he was still a very young man. "The acknowledged superiority of our system of education," he writes in his journal, "leads me to think that the combination of talent, energy and industry which exists in our family, directed as it is to the science of education, may some time or other produce effects which will render our name illustrious in after ages." The "system" was nothing more or less than a written constitution under which the boys governed themselves. "I drew up a set of resolutions," he writes, "which were unanimously passed at a general meeting of the school." This was in 1817, when he was only 22 years old. In a very few years these resolutions expanded in the hands of the boys into an elaborate and minutely detailed set of laws which filled more than a hundred closely printed pages.

Certain of the features of the system as described by Rowland Hill are very interesting. "Soon after midsummer (1816) I established a court of justice in the school. The judge is chosen monthly by the boys. The sheriff and the keeper of the records are chosen in the same manner. The attorney and solicitor general are appointed by me. The judge appoints the inferior officers—as the clerk and crier of the court, the constables, etc. The jury consists of six boys chosen by ballot. The sheriff keeps a book in which he enters all the sentences." The penalties imposed were "the forfeiture of premial marks, a certain number of which entitle a boy to a holiday."

Apparently the "swell" in this constitutional school was a chief magistrate who, it is recorded, saves the masters "a deal of trouble," and actually "put a stop to a practice" which before it "had never been found possible to check—namely, that of throwing stones." If, as some scientists say, a normal boy lives through all the periods that mark the development of our race, it will appear that Rowland Hill's constitution under this very efficient magistrate deprived his boys of their right to the recreation of the stone age.—Harper's Round Table.

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhœa, accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief we sent for a physician, and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days, and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about, and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. BOGGS, Stumptown, Gilmer county, W. Va. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute	6⅞	@	7
Standard	7	@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ⅌ lb	12	@	12½
Sides ⅌ lb		@	8
Shoulders ⅌ lb		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ⅌ lb		@	6
Shoulders ⅌ lb		@	5¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New Mork, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ⅌ lb		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ⅌ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ⅌ lb	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	49
Virginia Meal		@	49
COTTON TIES—⅌ bundle		@	80
CANDLES—⅌ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—⅌ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—⅌ lb—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½	@	9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ⅌ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ⅌ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—⅌ dozen	12	@	14
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ⅌ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ⅌ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ⅌ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ⅌ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ⅌ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ⅌ barrel		@	4 00
Mullets, ⅌ pork barrel		@	7 25
N. C. Roe Herring, ⅌ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ⅌ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—⅌ lb—			
Low grade		@	3 25
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	3 75	@	4 00
First Patent	4 75	@	5 00
GLUE—⅌ lb	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—⅌ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	52½
Car load, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—⅌ lb—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	12
HAY, ⅌ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ⅌ lb	1½	@	2
LARD, ⅌ lb—			
Northern	5½	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ⅌ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ⅌ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ⅌ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	26
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS, ⅌ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ⅌ barrel—			
City Mess	11 00	@	11 50
Rump		@	12 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ⅌ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ⅌ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	70	@	75
American	70	@	75
On 125 ⅌ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ⅌ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ⅌ lb—Standard Gran'd	5⅜	@	5¾
Standard A		@	5⅝
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C. Yellow		@	4½
SOAP, ⅌ lb—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ⅌ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ⅌ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
⅌ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ⅌ lb		@	6
WHISKEY, ⅌ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ⅌ lb—Unwashed	8	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 24.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 26½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 26 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1.00 per bbl bid for Strained and $1.05 bid for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.10 per barrel for Hard, $1.60 for Dip, and $1.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady, 25½, 25c; rosin steady, $1.15, $1.20; tar quiet and steady, $1.10; crude turpentine steady, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	74
Rosin	639
Tar	139
Crude Turpentine	14

Receipts same day last year.—108 casks spirits turpentine, 343 bbls rosin, 127 bbls tar, 83 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market dull on a basis of 5⅛c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 15-16	cts. ⅌ lb
Good Ordinary	4¼	" "
Low Middling	4 15-16	" "
Middling	5⅛	" "
Good Middling	5⅝	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅞c.

Receipts—1 bale; same day last year, 7.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN.—Firm; 52½ to 55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—$1.00 to $1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to $3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to $6.50.

TIMBER.—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 24.—Money on call firm at 1½@2 per cent., last loan being at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange easier; actual business in bankers' bills 485@485¼ for demand; 483½@483¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 484@485 and 486@486½. Commercial bills 482½. Silver certificates 59¼@59¾. Bar silver 60¼. Mexican dollars 46½. Government bonds were steady; U. S. new 4's, registered, 127@128; do. coupon, 127@128; U. S. 4's 111@112; do. coupon, 111½@111¾; U. S. 2's, 98; U. S. 5's, registered, 112; do. 5's, coupon, 112@113. State bonds dull; N. C. 6's 125; 4's 102.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 24.—Rosin quiet. strained, common to good, $1 30 @1 35. Spirits turpentine steady at 28¾@29¼c.

CHARLESTON, August 24.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, August 24.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26¼; sales 595 casks; receipts 911 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 2,205 barrels; receipts 3,862 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—To-day's cotton market was an irregular affair, bulls and bears being in control by turns, while speculation was spasmodic throughout. Although showing a fair amount of steadiness at the opening, first sales were from 1 to 3 points under last night's final prices, due to less favorable advices from the Liverpool market than generally looked for. After further easing off to a net loss of 2 to 4 points, the market steadied decidedly on a rush to cover and moderate investment buying started by reports that the plant was suffering from drouth in the Southwest. Still later in the morning there was a slump to the lowest point of the day under realizing and bear hammering. Afternoon operations were in good part of an evening-up character, bulls and bears alike being uncertain as to the purport of tomorrow's English cables and the effect of the hot wave over the cotton belt. Scalpers operated in a scattering way on both sides. Further declines were checked by limiting buying orders from outside sources. The close was quiet and steady at a net loss of 2@3 points.

NEW YORK, August 24.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 5⅝c.

Futures closed quiet and steady; August 5.47c, September 5.48c, October 5.54c, November 5.56c, December 5.59c, January 5.63c, February 5.66c; March 5.70c, April 5.73c, May 5.77c.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 5⅝c; middling gulf 6c; sales 1,790 bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 1,039 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,509 bales; exports to the Continent 401 bales; forwarded 1,018 bales; sales 1,790 bales; sales to spinners 520 bales; stock (actual) 56,618 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 4,029 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,509 bales; exports to the Continent 401 bales; stock 185,794 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 12,518 bales; exports to Great Britain 12,076 bales; exports to the Continent 3,499 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 8,543,774 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,512,238 bales; exports to France 815,692 bales; exports to the Continent 3,001,222 bales.

Aug. 24.—Galveston, steady at 5 7-16, net receipts 3,568 bales; Norfolk, dull at 5⅝c, net receipts 125 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 5⅞c, net receipts 32 bales; Wilmington, dull at 5⅛c, net receipts 1 bale; Philadelphia, quiet at 6c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet at 5¼c, net receipts 35 bales; New Orleans, easy at 5 1-16c, net receipts 120 bales; Mobile, nominal at 5⅜c, net receipts 5 bales; Memphis, quiet at 5⅝c, net receipts 9 bales; Augusta, quiet at 5⅛c, net receipts 12 bales; Charleston, quiet at —c, net receipts — bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 24.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat—Spot weak; No. 2 red 74@74⅛c; options opened barely steady, under disappointing cables, but were rallied by a fair cash demand and rains in the Northwest. Near the close, however, realizing set in and supplemented by a light export trade left final prices at ⅛@2c net lower, the latter on August; No. 2 red August closed 73c; December closed 66c. Corn—Spot easy; No. 2 35⅞c; options opened steady and advanced on reductions, higher cables and cash demand, the only break was near the close with wheat and left off ⅛c net lower; September closed 34⅝c; December closed 34⅜c. Oats—Spot easy, No. 2 26⅛c; options were dull and easy, closing unchanged; September closed 24⅜c. Lard steady; Western steam closed $5 42½c; September $5 40, nominal; refined firm. Pork—market steady at quotations; mess $9 50@10 00; short clear $11 00@13 00; family $11 50@12 00. Butter steady; Western creamery 14½@19c; Western factory 11@14c; Elgins 19c; imitation creamery 13@16; State dairy 13@17c. Cheese steady; large white 7⅝c. Potatoes steady; Jerseys $1 75; Long Island $1 50@2 00; sweet yellow $3 00@3 25. Rice steady. Cotton seed oil dull. Cabbage steady; Long Island $2 00@3 00. Coffee—Spot Rio firm; No. 7 invoice 6⅜c; No. 7 jobbing 6⅞c; mild, firm; Cordova 8@15c. Sugar—raw strong and held higher; fair refining 3 13-16c; centrifugal 96 test 4 5-16c; refined strong.

CHICAGO, August 24.—Heavy foreign markets caused robust bearishness in wheat to-day. After an early advance September left off ⅛c lower and December declined ⅛@½c. Corn lost ⅛@⅛c. Oats are unchanged to ⅛c higher. Pork closed 5c lower; lard gained 2½@5c and ribs rose 5c.

CHICAGO, August 24.—Cash quotations: Flour—Market weak. Wheat No. 2 spring 63@64c; No. 3 spring 61½@66c; No. 2 red 68c. Corn—No. 2 30¾@31c. Oats—No. 2 20½@23c; No. 2 white free on board, 24½c; No. 3 white free on board, 22½@23½c. Mess pork, per bbl., $8 90@9 50. Lard, per 100 lbs., $5 10@5 15. Short rib sides, loose $5 15@5 40. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 50@4 75. Short clear sides, boxed. $5 55@5 70.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 August 67½, 67½, 67, 67c; September 63⅜, 64⅜, 63, 63⅛c; December 61⅜, 62¼, 61⅜, 61⅝; May 63⅜, 64¼, 63⅛, 63½. Corn—August 30⅛, 30⅛, 29⅞, 29⅞c; September 30⅝, 30⅜, 29⅜, 29⅝c; December 30⅛, 30⅜, 29⅞, 29⅞c; May 32¼, 32½, 32, 32. Oats—September 19⅞, 20⅛, 19¾, 19⅞; May 22¼, 22⅜, 22⅛, 22¼. Pork, per bbl.—September $9 05, 8 85, 8 80, 8 90; October $8 90, 8 90, 8 90, 8 80. Lard, per 100 lbs—September $5 12½, 5 15, 5 10, 5 10; October $5 20, 5 20, 5 15, 5 15; December $5 22½, 5 25, 5 17½, 5 17½. Ribs per 100 lbs.—September $5 17½, 5 17½, 5 12½, 5 15; October $5 17½, 5 20, 5 15, 5 17.

BALTIMORE, August 24.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and easy—spot 71⅜@71½c; month 71½@70¾c; September 69¼@69⅜c; December 67¼c bid. Southern wheat by sample 63@72½c. Corn steady—spot 34½@34⅝c; month 34¼@34½c; September 34¼@34⅜c. Southern white corn 35@36c. Oats dull; No. 2 white western 28@28½c. Lettuce 75c per bushel box.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, August 24, 4 P. M.—Cotton—spot dull; prices hardening; American middling 3 5-16d. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export and included 5,800 bales American. Receipts none.

Futures opened quiet with a moderate demand and closed barely steady. American middling (l. m. c.): August 3 13-64d seller; August and September 3 11-64@3 12-64d buyer; September and October 3 9-64d buyer; October and November 3 7-64@3 8-64d buyer; November and December 3 7-64d buyer; December and January 3 7-64d buyer; January and February 3 7-64d buyer; February and March 3 8-64d seller; March and April 3 9-64d seller; April and May 3 9-64@3 10-64d buyer; May and June 3 10-64@3 11-64d seller.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., August 24, 1898.

SCHOONERS.

Frank S Hall, 142 tons, Moore, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Freddie Hencken, 500 tons, Henningsen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Lois V Chapels, 192 tons, Medoro, Jas T Riley & Co.

Jacob M Haskell, 463 tons, Hart, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Rigi (Nor.) 500 tons, Zoffi, Heide & Co.

If It's Worth Printing the Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal Will Print It.

And Every Democrat, Every Republican, Every Man, Woman or Child who can read will want to read it.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL is a Democratic paper, of six or eight pages, issued Wednesday and Saturday of each week. The Wednesday issue prints all the Clean News, and the Saturday issue prints Stories, Miscelany, Po etry, all matters of special interest in he home. It is edited by Henry Watterson.

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Daily Courier-Journal, 1 year	$6.00
Daily and Sunday, 1 year	8.00
Sunday alone, 1 year	2.00

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The State Normal and Industrial College

Offers the young women of the State thorough professional, literary, classical, scientific, and industrial education. *Annual Expenses $90 to $130.* Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 1,500 students, representing every county in the State except two. Practice and Observation School of about 200 pupils. *To secure board in dormitories, all free-tuition applications must be made before August 1.* Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers. For catalogue and other information, address PRESIDENT McIVER, Greensboro N. C.

je 15 2w

Blue Ridge Springs — The Favorite Summe Rresort of the Virginia Mountains. Twenty six consecutive seasons under the management of PHIL. F. BROWN.

my 22 2m

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought on the ... and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrap... No one has authority from me to use my name except ... Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

...ch 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which **even he** does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

On the Use of Language.

Every one knows the anecdote in which the rustic thought "felicity" was something inside of a pig, meaning probably the part that furnishes lard, which is known in some rural districts as flair, in others as flick—the latter word is well known in Dorsetshire. But this story is surpassed in simplicity by the following: A woman in a village in Kent lost three children by diphtheria, and when the clergyman's wife went to condole with her she railed against the doctors, and said she couldn't think how they could go to church and say that prayer, and then go and practice on the people as they did. In answer to the question what prayer she meant, she said, "Why, they pray to be delivered from false doctoring, heresy and schism, and then they go about and do false doctoring and kill the children."—Notes and Queries.

The Ass Who Predicted.

An Ass who heard a Goose observe that the Water in the Pond was getting very Low, at once offered his Services to Predict Rain. This having been Noised about, the Hens asked for continued Dry Weather, the Foxes demanded a snowstorm, the Oxen wanted frosty mornings, and the Mule, the Wolf, the Dog and the Peacock each demanded that he be Favored with Weather made to order. As a result the Ass could Please no one, and as his Failure was charged to his Obstinacy, the Whole Crowd fell upon him and Wounded him almost to Death. He was Complaining of this to the Peasant When the latter Replied: He who seeks to Please all will end in Pleasing nobody at all.—Detroit Free Press.

Cause and Effect.

There is a good story told of a Hertfordshire farmer. He went home late one night and drank a pint of yeast in mistake for buttermilk. He rose three hours earlier next morning.—Cardiff Mail.



This Cut

REPRESENTS ONE OF THE MANY STYLES OF THIS NOW

Famous Line

of Fine Footwear at

$2.00, $2.50, and $3.00.

Also, Low Cut Shoes at Low Cut Prices.

Our Popular Watch Contest

is now on for 60 days.

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Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

au 4 tf 115 Princess street.

The North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.

For catalogues address

Pres. A. Q. HOLLADAY,
RALEIGH, N. C.

je 28 tf.

SEASHORE HOTEL,

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.

GEORGE CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
R. E. CRAWFORD, Manager.

Open for the Season.

New and beautiful building sprinkled by the spray of Old Ocean and yet twenty miles away from slightest danger by invasion. New and handsome furnishings with all modern conveniences. CUISINE up to highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by artesian well. Daily concerts by Hotel Orchestra. Come to Wrightsville Sound for cooling summer breezes and matchless view of Atlantic Ocean.

je 2 tf

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CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists,

or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

A STRANGE CRYPTOGRAM.

It Puzzles Thousands of Visitors to Trinity Church Graveyard.

In Trinity churchyard, New York, there is a queer and quaint tomb that attracts unusual attention. The grave adjoins that of the prison ship martyrs, in the northeastern end of the cemetery, and the stone is visible from Broadway. The peculiarity about it is the epitaph and subscription above it. The epitaph reads thus:

> Here Lies Deposited the Body
> of
> JAMES LEESON,
> Who Departed this Life on the
> 28th of September, 1794,
> Aged 38 Years.

Immediately over the epitaph and forming a semicircle above it are 13 strange characters, which some assert represent a quotation from the Greek, while others maintain that they are Chinese, Hindoo and every other conceivable brand of dead and dying languages.

The characters are in the forms of squares, or sectional parts of squares, some being mere L's, while others lack the top or side of the figure. Some have periods or colons within and one is vacant.

As a matter of fact, the characters are simple ciphers, which James Leeson, their author and at one time a prominent member of New York's society and business circles, desired should be placed on his tombstone. He was of a somewhat eccentric turn of mind and a close student of puzzling hieroglyphics. What, then, more natural than that, as during his lifetime he had puzzled his brain over "pothooks and trammles," he should bequeath to posterity a cryptogram that would puzzle all who might gaze upon it in the days when he should be naught but dust?

A little more than a century has passed since James Leeson was gathered to his fathers, and in that time thousands upon thousands have gathered at his grave and wondered.

The lover of the intricate and problematical may easily solve the problem by following this explanation closely:

In the first place, Mr. Leeson, in his desire to keep future generations guessing, drew three sets of parallel perpendicular lines and crossed them with horizontal lines something after the style of the children's game of "tit-tat-toe." He then placed the letters of the alphabet in the spaces—from "A" to "I" in the first six; from "K" to "S" in the second, the ancient "I" and "J" being identical, and from "T" to "Z" in the third group of spaces. Then, ignoring the letters entirely, but keeping in mind the spaces in which they belonged, he used a period in the spaces occupied by the first six letters, a colon in the spaces of the second six and left the spaces occupied by the letters from "T" to "Z" without any distinguishing symbol.

Then James figured out a proper sentiment for a cryptogram, and finally decided upon the one which adorns his tombstone. It reads:

> REMEMBER DEATH.

The "R's" and "M's" being taken from the second, or colon groups, the "E's," "B" and "H" from the first, or period groups, and the "T" from the third, or unsymbolized groups.—New York Commercial.

Youth is not the age of pleasure. We then expect too much, and we are, therefore, exposed to daily disappointments and mortifications. When we are a little older and have brought down our wishes to our experience, then we become calm and begin to enjoy ourselves.—Lord Liverpool.

Gold pens are now usually tipped with iridium. The bits of this metal are laid in notches at the point of the pen, then fastened on with flux, being afterward ground and polished for use.

Germany stands next to Great Britain in the number of pensioners, there being 588 soldiers of the civil war who regularly draw their pensions from the United States government.

In 1890 the United States manufactured 12 per cent more iron than did England, while in steel our manufacture exceeds hers by about 25 per cent.

The toilet requisites of the sultan, including rouge and enamel for the ladies of the harem and jewelry, cost $2,000,000 a year.

TICKED OUT AN ALARM.

The Telegraph Operator Heard It and Acted With Promptitude.

"On the night of the occurrence," said the telegraph operator who had been requested to tell the story, "I had been reading one of those newspaper yarns which narrate in lurid language the trying experience of some poor cuss who is buried in the ruins or in prison or some other impossible situation and who saves himself by ticking a message on the wall or on a gas pipe or any old way that leads out to daylight and freedom, and my mind was considerably wrought up, for the story was strong and very well told. It was about midnight when I finished it, and I at once began to get ready for bed, thinking meanwhile what I would do if caught in such a box. As I was knocking around the room undressing my attention was suddenly called to a queer knocking that didn't seem to be located anywhere at first, but shortly I thought it was from the gas pipe, and I went over and listened. I was right in my guess, and in a second more I detected a message in the peculiar ticking. 'Help! Help!' it said. 'Come quick, whoever you are!'

"There wasn't any going back on a warning like that, and, forgetting in the excitement of the moment that I was about to become a character in the very kind of a story I had been reading and, I may say, doubting, I broke in on the gas pipe with a metal back hairbrush for a sounder and asked the party for particulars. Immediately there came to me briefly the information that the sender was held a prisoner at 27 Verona place, not far from my flat, by some persons who would not stop at any crime to accomplish their purpose. In fact, they had informed the sender that if certain moneys were not forthcoming by noon the next day the sender would never be forthcoming again, or words to that effect; also, in the name of heaven, I was begged to come at once with a strong force of police to the number given, as the persons were desperate characters.

"Ticking back word that I would go at once to the rescue and telling the prisoner to keep up courage I went for the police telegraph operator and an officer to verify what I had heard, and, having done this to the satisfaction of everybody, a party of five of us went in a hurry to 27. Placing the police front and back of the house, which showed faintly a light from the third story windows, I went with the lieutenant of the squad to the door and rang the bell. It was evident the house was not asleep, for in a minute or two footsteps were heard hurrying along the halls and up and down stairs, and then, after a moment's stillness, the front door was cautiously opened and inquiry made as to what was wanted. In an instant the lieutenant had thrust his knee in the crack of the door, and before the man inside knew what had happened we were in the hall, and the officer had him by the neck.

"A minute later a friend of mine, living on the floor above in the same flat with me, rose from a corner and gave me a huge laugh, and then the whole house came down and kept coming until the officer threatened to arrest the entire business for disorderly conduct. Quiet was restored on this threat, and the crowd informed me that the thrilling message had been sent to me from the room above my own by the occupant thereof, who had skipped and got around to 27 as soon as he could when he saw what a success his scheme was likely to be. The gang was waiting for me, and when we got into the house of course I was given a reception worthy of the occasion. It also cost me the drinks, numerous, and many good cigars for all the people concerned in it, though the lieutenant assured me that he would arrest the entire lot for obtaining drinks under false pretenses if I said so."—Washington Star.

THEATRICAL RECEIPTS.

Charles Reade Wondered Why They Were So Large In America.

"Edwin Booth In London" is the title of an article in The Century by E. H. House. Mr. House tells of an interesting meeting between Booth and Charles Reade and reports the following conversation relating to the appearance of Booth and Irving together:

"Is it true that the prices will be changed?"

"Doubled, I believe. Irving says they must be. That is one of the risks I speak of, but he is full of confidence. He does it more for my sake than anything else."

"Then I hope it will turn out well. What are the indications?"

"Very good, I hear. I cannot judge myself. The conditions are all different from what I am used to."

"I understand. We are too slow—and thrifty, I suspect—to run the swift American pace. Yet I can't see why there should be such an amazing difference in your theatrical business and ours. The stories we hear of New York profits sound fabulous. I should say they were fabulous if I had not seen the returns of Wallack's when one of my plays was produced there. A hundred pounds a night is nothing to you, it seems."

"Two or three hundred would not stagger us," said Booth, smiling, "nor four or five for a very great and special attraction. For several years the prosperous houses in New York considered $1,000 a fair average the year round. 'Stars' traveling through the country, for whom the regular prices were raised, could sometimes draw much more."

"Were you at all prepared for the lower receipts here?"

"Not really prepared. I was told what to expect, but paid no attention. Clarke said I should get nothing at the Princess', but I did not take his 'nothing' literally. I thought I might count upon $1,000 a month at the very worst. He was right, however."

"I can't make it out," said Reade. "Your theaters are not larger than ours, and the prices of tickets are about the same, yet I see the Adelphi or the St. James' packed, without about one-half the result that Wallack's shows. It beats my arithmetic. You can't get more people into a place than it will hold."

"We do that, too, sometimes," laughed Booth, "but, as I say, you must come and find out all about it for yourself, Mr. Reade. Your audiences will be larger than the halls can hold, so you can study the problem under the best conditions."

"No, no. You tempt me to my destruction." But the compliment greatly pleased the author, who liked to hear such things said, though he affected a lofty indifference to praise.

The Original of Du Maurier's Laird.

Poynter entered the atelier of Gleyre (the stanch upholder of the traditions of the school of Ingres, but also the painter of "Illusions Perdues"), where he worked for three years (1856-9), in company with, among others, Mr. James MacNeill Whistler, Mr. Val Prinsep, R. A., and the late George Du Maurier. On leaving Gleyre's studio, he and his friends, Du Maurier, Lamont and Thomas Armstrong, set up one for themselves in the Rue Notre-Dame-des-Champs, which is the very studio immortalized by Du Maurier in "Trilby." The character of the Laird is taken from Lamont, and, according to Sir Edward, the picture of their student life in Paris is very faithful except that there was no Trilby.—"Sir Edward J. Poynter, P. R. A.," by Cosmo Monkhouse in Scribner's.

Not Bad.

He was an ardent youth and he fancied he was in love.

Impressed with this latter assumption, he determined to send his ladylove a big chrysanthemum.

In order that there might be no mistake as to the donor he sent this explanatory note with it:

"Deer miss, I send you my luve, together with this—as I cant spel it I will send you a rose insted."

Which was rather a neat way out of it for a 9-year-old, adds the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Athens, 25 years ago a squalid Turkish village of huts and ruins, has become a city of 164,000 inhabitants, a center of intellectual life, the seat of a great university, an influence to be reckoned with in the councils of the nations. Factories hum and smoke in the haunts of idyllic tradition.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

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The C. W. Polvogt Co.

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That is wh... such resul... while tra... nated at ot...

WE HAD A RUSH

of business that was really remarkable for the season. We had advertised a line of unmatchable BARGAINS, and the people knew they would find them when they came.

When you read a statement made by us, in this or any other space, you can depend upon it being the TRUTH.

OTHER BARGAINS DISPLAYED FOR THIS WEEK

and prices are plainly marked on them. Our buyer will leave for Northern markets in a few days, and will attend to any SPECIAL ORDERS that may be intrusted to us.

NEW CARPETS arriving daily and Special Prices for the month of August.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

au 14 tf

Foreclosure.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by W. C. Craft and wife Jennie L. C. Craft and Thos. C. Craft and Lucy C. Craft to John D. Bellamy, recorded in Book No. 22, pages 381, 382, 383 of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned as attorney, will on Monday, the 12th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, two certain tracts described in said mortgage. First, that lot in the State and county above named and City of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Princess street 66 feet east of the eastern line of Eighth street, running thence along said line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet, thence south and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning.

Also a Lot in the said city beginning at the northeastern intersection of Eighth and Princess streets, runs thence east with the eastern line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence south along Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning. Both tracts being in Block 185. W. B. McKOY, Attorney.

au 11 30t

FORECLOSURE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in two certain Mortgage Deeds made by W. C. Craft and wife, Jennie C. Craft, to the Mechanic's Home Association, duly recorded in Book 19, page 632, et. seq., and the other in Book No. 20, page 106, et seq., of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned attorney will on Wednesday, August 31st, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, all the undivided interest of W. C. Craft and wife in the land conveyed in said mortgages—as by reference to said mortgages will fully appear—in the following described tract of land in the said State and county, and city of Wilmington, and in Block No. 185, according to the present official plan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the northern line of Princess street, at a point 66 feet east of its intersection with the eastern line of Eighth street, thence running eastwardly along the northern line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence north and parallel with the said line of Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with the said line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence south and parallel with the said line of Eighth street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the beginning. W. B. McKOY,

Attorney for the Mechanic's Home Association.

au 9 20t

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day.

West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office,
feb 25tf Goldsboro, N. C.



When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

For Health and Pleasure



Go To Cleveland Springs,

LEE & MILLER, Props., Shelby, N. C.

CHARMING CUISINE,

Rates Reasonable, Superb Service,

THIRTEEN SPRINGS.

Mr. J. E. Montague, late Manager of The Orton for nine years, is connected with the management, and will be glad to see his friends. su we je 26 tf

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ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

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Wm. E. Worth & Co.

my 12 tf Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

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G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address
THE MORNING STAR,
Wilmington N. C.

my 23 tf

WANTED

5,000 lbs. Wool.

3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

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je 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

FOR RENT.

One Nicely Furnished Room, suitable for one or two young men, with or without board. Apply to 116 Dock street, or to 11 South Front street. jy 31 tf

---

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.,
Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,
Yours, Respectfully, &c.,
CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,
my 12 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C

SEND US

Your Orders for

Flour, Coffee, Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay, MEAT, &c.

AND GET

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

je 12 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS — DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:23 p. m., Hamlet 6.53 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 3:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m., leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:19 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:35 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p.m., Charlotte 8:28 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:02 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
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T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 08 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M.
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS!

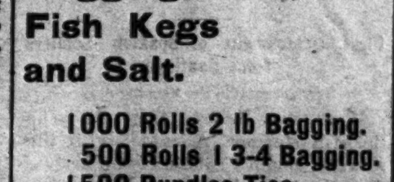
At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN ....Saturday, August 20th
BENEFACTOR ....Saturday, August 27th

Wilmington for New York.

BENEFACTOR ....Saturday, August 20th
CROATAN ....Saturday, August 27th

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN ....Tuesday, August 23d

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WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. jy 15 tf

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Bagging, Ties, Fish Kegs and Salt.

1000 Rolls 2 lb Bagging.
500 Rolls 1 3-4 Bagging.
1500 Bundles Ties.
500 Fish Kegs.
1000 Sacks, 200 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 180 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 110 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 100 lbs, Salt.

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SALEM Academy and College.

For nearly 100 years this institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank, and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high-grade College Course, but has experts in all of its special schools of Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial Studies. We will be pleased to send catalogue on application. Term begins Sept. 3d.

JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal,
Salem North Carolina.

au 7 tf*

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule In Effect July 28, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:08 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 3.25 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:03 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11,06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m., Weldon 1:48 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:02 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:18 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28 p. m., Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m., Sumter 9:32 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 6:13 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m., Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah ... a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 5:05 p. m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:03 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:50 a. m., Tarboro 12:29 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:20 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 2:59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., *Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., *Tarboro 6:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:20 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m., Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11:09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m., arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount .05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.20 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.24 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:05 p. m., Manning 6:35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m.; 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:55 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9:18 a. m., Cheraw 10:50 a. m., Wadesboro 2:25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:25 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.50 p. m., Hartsville — p. m., Bennettsville 9:46 p. m., Gibson 10:10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.50 a. m., arrive Darlington 9.20 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:25 a. m., Bennettsville 6:49 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7:45 a. m.; arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 a. m., Darlington 6.29 a. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:17 p. m., 11:13 p. m.; arrive Selma 2.50 p. m., 11:58 p. m., Smithfield 3:02 p. m., Dunn 3:30 p. m., Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m. Fayetteville 11:10 a. m., 10:35 p. m., Dunn 11:50 p. m., Smithfield 12:28 p. m., Selma 12:35 p. m. and 11:44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1:17 p. m., 12:19 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:13 p. m., Sumter 6:33 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

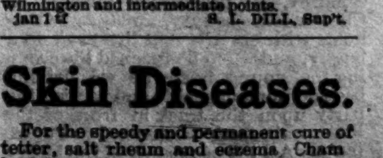
Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by ROB. R. BELLAMY,
feb 1 tf Druggist.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25.

THE SECOND REGIMENT.

Men Anxious to be Mustered Out of Service—Liquor Dealer's Association. Anti-Fusion Populists.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 24.

Mrs. Wooten writes a friend here that Adjutant Bradley Wooten is entirely free from fever now, and will return to Wilmington next week.

The following companies of the Second N. C. regiment are at St. Simon's Island, Ga., viz: Companies K, of Wilmington; B, of Rutherfordton; H, of Asheville; L, of Nantahala; M, of Murphy; F, of Lumber Bridge; and notwithstanding the fact that the officers are anxious for the regiment to remain in service yet a large number of the men, according to a special from Brunswick, are anxious to be mustered out of service. Lieut. Cowles is now in Washington trying to have these companies remain in the service.

The anti-fusion or middle-of-the-road Populists have called a county convention to be held here September 3d. Nineteen signed the call, including ex-State Senator A. C. Green, and others of prominence.

The last patient in the hospital at Camp Dan Russell has gone and the camp is now deserted.

The State Liquor Dealers' Association met here last night, Frank O'Donnell, of Asheville, presiding. The local Association will give a big barbecue to-day. Mayor Russ welcomed the Association.

Mr. C. B. Aycock has returned from the west, where he made some campaign speeches. He says the prospects are bright for Democratic victory.

Auditor Ayer says that the Fusionists are saving their thunder until the campaign opens about September 15th.

J. C. L. Harris left to-day for Fort Macon, where he will get the accounts of the regiment in shape and carry them to Washington next Sunday.

CONDITIONS IN SANTIAGO.

Public Schools to be Opened—Embarkation of Spanish Prisoners—Troops Arriving From Key West.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 23, 6.00 P. M. (Delayed in transmission).—The conferences between General Wood, military governor of Santiago and the local authorities, with reference to opening the public schools, have resulted satisfactorily, and places will be ready for 4,000 children on September 15th. The salaries of the school commissioners have been fixed at somewhat reduced figures; the element of sectarianism has been eliminated from the management and the American basis of education has been proposed.

The San Juan, arrived to-day from Guantanamo Bay, brings two companies of Hood's regiment and 107 bags of mail delivered there by the Fern from Key West. It was the first mail matter received for ten days. When the Fifth regular infantry arrives for garrison duty in the city, taking the place of Hood's regiment, that will be transferred to San Juan de Porto Rico, Crane's immunes will be assigned to guard the Spanish prisoners of war. The embarkation of the latter continues. To-day 1,200 sailed by the transport Montevideo and one thousand by the transport Pedro de Satrustogui. Thirteen hundred will leave by the transport Leon to-morrow.

The Spanish General Linares, whom Gen. Toral succeeded in command at Santiago, prior to the evacuation, left by the Pedro. There was a great demonstration by the Spanish soldiers on his departure.

The United States transport Minnewaska left to-day with 95 men of the Thirty-third Michigan volunteers, the Second regular cavalry, a balloon detachment of the engineer corps and about 250 men of the First District of Columbia volunteers.

TROUBLE IN ILLINOIS.

Negroes Arriving to Take Places of Striking Miners—Strikers Reinforced by Union Miners.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PANA, ILL., August 24.—Sheriff Coburn assembled 175 deputies at the city hall to-day, swore all in and gave them instructions to re-assemble, armed with Winchesters, and meet a number of negroes expected to arrive from Alabama to work here in the coal mines. Ten negroes arrived in Pana last night to take the places of white miners here who have been on a strike for several months. The negroes were escorted to the city limits by a committee of miners who induced them to leave town. The strikers are being reinforced by union miners from all over the State.

During the day a special train arrived in Pana from Birmingham, Ala., with two hundred negroes. The train was rushed to the Springside coal mine, outside the city limits, where the negroes were unloaded under the guard of deputy sheriffs.

Several hundred miners were at the Union depot to meet the negroes and talk with them, but were unable to do so. All the grounds at the Springside mine are under heavy guard, and no citizens are permitted to pass the lines. The strike leaders have requested Governor Tanner to take action regarding the mining efficiency of the negroes, and he has answered that he will send State mine inspectors to examine the men.

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.

A Farmer, His Wife and Child Killed at a Railroad Crossing.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PETERSBURG, VA., August 24.—A horrible accident occurred to-day on the Atlantic Coast Line railway at a crossing known as Grossmans, a short distance from this city. Mr. J. P. Condrey, a prosperous farmer, of Chesterfield county, was returning home with his wife and little son in a buggy, and when he reached the crossing the young horse he was driving became unmanageable and carried the party upon the track in front of the local train from Richmond to Petersburg. All the occupants of the buggy were instantly killed.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SAVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

INSURGENTS ONLY WANT PROTECTION.

Willing to Co-operate With Americans if Philippines Remain in U. S. Control.

STILL FIGHTING SPANIARDS.

Religious Orders Instigating Opposition to American Control—Monopolists Secretly Intriguing—Transports With Troops Arrive.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, August 24, 4.30 P. M.—The government had received a dispatch from General Rios, Governor of the Vizcayas islands, and the successor of General Jaudenes in the governor generalship of the Philippines, saying that there had been bloody fighting between the Spaniards and the insurgents, with an estimated loss to the latter of 500 men. The Spanish losses were "unimportant." The dispatch says that a number of the insurgent chiefs were captured and shot. A sergeant of gendarmes, who attempted to invite a lynching, barely escaped lynching at the hands of the populace. He was turned over to the courts and shot.

General Rios adds that he has organized six battalions of natives and Spaniards for the purpose of resisting a threatened invasion of insurgents from the island of Luzon, and also a small squadron to watch the coasts and rivers of Mindanao island and the Vizcayas. The government is highly satisfied with the services of General Rios.

Insurgents Only Want Protection.

MANILA, PHILIPPINES, August 24.—At a conference to-day between the insurgents and the Americans, the former declared emphatically that they were willing to co-operate with the Americans and to surrender their arms promptly if assured that the island would remain either an American or a British colony or under the protectorate of the United States or Great Britain. Otherwise, the insurgent leaders asserted, they would not disarm. They threatened a fresh rebellion within a month if the Americans withdraw.

Religious Orders Intriguing.

MANILA, August 24.—The natives assert that the religious orders are instigating opposition to American supremacy. Many Spaniards assert that they are eager to invest their fortunes in new enterprises, but that they fear ruin if the Americans withdraw. A few monopolists, fearing competition, are secretly intriguing against the new regime. Newspapers published in both the English and Spanish languages have already appeared.

The United States transports Rio Janeiro and Pennsylvania arrived today, the former bearing two battalions of South Dakota volunteer recruits for the Utah light artillery and a detachment of the signal corps, and the latter the First Montana volunteers and 300 recruits for the First California volunteers.

OHIO DEMOCRATS.

State Ticket Nominated—Declared Preference for Bryan in 1900 on the Same Platform.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DAYTON, O., August 24.—The Democratic State convention to-day nominated a State ticket, and adjourned at 5 P. M., after being in continuous session all day. There were no incidents of special interest.

The effort to get a new plan of party organization in Ohio failed of final adoption, but it was given another chance by such reference as will bring it up next year. The new organization seems to satisfy those working for the nomination of Paul J. Sorg for Governor next year, and is not displeasing to the McLean, Brice or other elements, and the campaign this year will be made on the Hanna issue, and next year on Senator Foraker for not taking steps against Hanna. While the resolutions do not favor unlimited colonial expansion, General Findlay, chairman of the convention, said the platform meant to expand by the consent of those to be governed. The most decisive feature of the convention was its preference for Bryan in 1900 on the same platform as in 1896.

TO BE MUSTERED OUT.

Orders Issued to a Number of Volunteer Organizations.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—The Adjutant General issued a bulletin this afternoon saying that orders had been given for mustering out the following named volunteer organizations:

First Vermont volunteer infantry, First Maine volunteer infantry, Fifty-second Iowa volunteer infantry, Sixth Pennsylvania volunteer infantry, Fifth Maryland volunteer infantry, Battalion Ohio light artillery, Second New York volunteer infantry, First Illinois volunteer infantry, One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Indiana volunteer infantry, Batteries A and B, Georgia light artillery, Twenty-eighth Indiana volunteer light batteries, Troops A and B, New York volunteer cavalry, and the Governor's troop of Philadelphia.

Other orders to muster out troops will be announced as soon as definite decisions are reached.

ARRIVED AT CORRUNNA.

First Detachment of Spanish Soldiers from Santiago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CORUNNA, SPAIN, Aug. 24.—The Spanish steamer Alicante, with the first of Spain's soldiers who arrived from Santiago de Cuba, reached here to-day.

Enormous crowds gathered on the quays but were not allowed to get near the vessel for fear of the yellow fever contagion.

The queen regent sent a message to the troops on board the Alicante congratulating them upon their conduct in the field and saying that she proposed to be the first to welcome them home. The reading of the dispatch was received with great enthusiasm. The disembarkation is now in progress. There was no yellow fever on board, though sixty died of other diseases during the voyage.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

THE CESSION OF LUZON ISLANDS.

Spain Disturbed at the Rumored Intention of President McKinley.

DEATH TO SPAIN'S PRESTOGE.

Separation of Church and State Unpalatable—Would Create Grave Difficulties With the Vatican—Prefer Acquisition by Powers.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 25.—A dispatch to the *Standard* from Madrid by way of France, says:

A very unfavorable impression has been caused in Madrid by telegrams attributing to President McKinley the intention of instructing the peace commissioners to insist upon the cession of Luzon, that American commerce should have the same footing as Spanish in the Philippines, and that Spain should pledge itself that none of the Spanish colonies should be ceded to European powers. If such are the intentions of the United States governmennt, the negotiations are sure to be laborious, even if an understanding is ever arrived at. The Spaniards consider the cession of Luzon, their best and most important island, to be a death blow to their prestige and sovereignty in these regions, and that this would be irretrievably weakened and crippled by the presence of Americans in the heart of their colonies.

"Commercial equality with the United States in the archipelagoe would annul the only advantage and compensation which they might have expected to have derived for the cost and sacrifices which have been necessary to maintain their rule in the archipelagoe. The separation of church and state would be more unpalatable to most Spaniards, and would create grave difficulties in their relations with the vatican and the church, let alone the powerful religious orders in Spain, which are always disposed to side with Gen. Carlos against the present dynasty.

"Last, but not least, any pledge to refrain from ceding any part to the powers would displease many statesmen and people of all classes, who are daily more inclined to advocate the sale of the Spanish archipelagoes to the highest bidder, and especially to continental powers most likely to be in position to arrest the growth of American political and commercial influence in the Far East.

"Nothing could be better calculated than the pretensions attributed to America to develop in Spain the visibly growing desire to cease all connection with the Philippines and thus oblige the United States government to assume the burden of the responsibilities of their government, which would likely create conflict with European powers and tending in any case, to entail for the United States more trouble and sacrifices in men and money even than the occupation and pacification of Cuba.

"Even the lower and middle classes seem to think this, and thus in both directions Spain would amply make America pay for the wrongs inflicted.

PONCE, PORTO RICO.

General Wilson in Control—A Spanish Schooner Arrives—Volunteers and Cavalry Ordered Home.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PONCE, PORTO RICO, August 24.—The Spanish coasting schooner Dolores, flying the Spanish flag, entered the harbor this morning. Her captain was uncertain whether a state of peace or war existed, but decided to take his chances. The Dolores was not molested.

The Alamo, with supplies and clothing for General Henry's men, sailed for Arecibo, on the north coast of Porto Rico, this morning. General Brooke is still awaiting his credentials. On their arrival he will immediately leave for San Juan, a troop of the Sixth regular cavalry acting as escort.

Preparations are being made for the embarkation of the volunteers and cavalry ordered home.

General James H. Wilson has assumed control of the district of Ponce and has ordered that all saloons shall be closed for three days with a view to quieting the existing disorders. They will be opened subsequently under special regulations. General Grant has established his headquarters here.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

One Man Killed and Several Persons Injured in a Street Car at Pittsburg, Pa.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, PA., Aug. 24.—During a heavy thunder storm to-day lightning struck a summer car on the Second Avenue traction line as it was passing Greenwood avenue, killing B. S. Fear, age 62, a well-known business man of Hazelwood. Injured: Mrs. Sarah Munyall, skull fractured and hurt internally, will probably die; Eugene Munyall her son, badly cut about the head; David Thomas, head and arms cut and bruised; unknown foreigner, foot crushed; James A. Butler, shocked.

The passengers were panic stricken and made frantic efforts to escape. Mr. Fear, in jumping, alighted on his head, crushing his skull. All the injured received their hurts in attempting to jump before the car came to a standstill.

REPUBLICAN SPLIT.

Wilcox Nominated for Congress in the Eighth District.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., August 24.—A convention of the Republican "insurgents," as they are called, of the Eighth congressional district, was held at Wilkesboro to-day. The convention denounced the convention that re-nominated R. Z. Linney as a "Gag law" convention, and proceeded to nominate Dr. J. O. Wilcox for Congress amid great enthusiasm. This splits the Republican vote in the district.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SEVERE STORM AT MONTAUK.

Many Sick Soldiers in Camp, But No Contagious Diseases.

TROOPS TO BE MUSTERED OUT

The Rough Riders and the Seventy-first New York—Arrival of the Steamer Yale With Troops from Santiago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 24.—The report of the condition of the men on the Yale which arrived off Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I., last night, has not yet been made by the quarantine officers.

In the electrical storm which continued for four hours last night the wind blew down many of the soldiers' tents, twisted the wires about the camp, blew down the Red Cross hospital tent in the general hospital and caused havoc generally. Two tents were picked up from the ground and carried into the ocean. The wrecking of five unoccupied tents in the detention hospital will prevent the landing of some sick soldiers on the transports.

The large Y. M. C. tent in which the soldiers spend much of their time writing to their relatives or reading was also levelled by the gale.

The news that an order is soon to be issued at Washington to muster out the volunteers in camp, including the Rough Riders and the Seventy-first regiment, has been received with much satisfaction by the volunteer troops.

The transport Arcadia which arrived last night was inspected to-day. Captain Capron, father of Captain Capron of the Rough Riders, who was killed at Santiago, is on board sick.

Many soldiers have been discharged from the hospitals, but there are other sick to take their places as soon as they vacate.

Secretary of War Alger arrived at the camp to-day on a special train. To the newspaper correspondents Secretary Alger stated he hoped to make as thorough inspection as possible of the camp in the length of time he had at his disposal. He rode with the army officers who met him at the depot to headquarters and as soon as he was recognized by the volunteers and regulars the secretary was loudly cheered.

The heat of the day completely exhausted many of the soldiers in camp and was responsible for a number of deaths. The death list to-day numbered five.

The report of the hospital authorities show that there are 780 men in the general hospital, of whom 225 have typhoid fever. Three hundred men are in the Detention camp.

The transport Leona is unloading; 104 sick men were removed to the hospital.

The Yale has on board 1,069 men of the Third and Twentieth regular infantry, of whom 178 are sick. There is no contagious disease on board. There was only one death.

CALIFORNIA REPUBLICANS.

Henry Gage Nominated for Governor. Platform Demands Annexation of Porto Rico and the Philippines.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., August 24.—The State Republican convention to-day nominated Henry Gage, a Los Angeles attorney, for governor by acclamation. The platform reaffirms its allegiance to the national platform in St. Louis in 1896 and extends the thanks of the Republican party to the sailors and soldiers of the army and navy.

A glowing tribute is paid to President McKinley.

The declared policy of the President to accord to the people of Cuba an opportunity to form a stable government, thus redeeming the promise made to the world, is endorsed, but the platform demands the annexation of the island of Porto Rico and other West Indian islands and of the Philippines. The acquisition of Hawaii is rejoiced in.

MARK HANNA'S VIEWS

As to the Philippines and Cuba—Problems to be Solved.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. PAUL, MINN., August 24.—Senator M. A. Hanna, of Ohio, arrived in the city this evening from Yellowstone Park. Speaking of the annexation question he said:

"The Philippines is a problem we cannot solve in a hurry. We, of course, must retain a coaling station there; but I do not think it likely we shall want more than Manila and its harbor. Cuba is another problem. I never was much of a Cuban and am not prepared to commit myself as to the policy we should pursue there. We propose to establish a stable government in that island, but what constitutes a stable government has not yet been defined. I think, however, Cuba will be an evolution and in about twenty years it will be so thoroughly Americanized that there will be no question as to what a stable government means."

FOURTH ARMY CORPS

Ordered to Remove From Fernandina to Huntsville, Ala.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—About ten days ago orders were issued by the War Department for the removal of General Coppinger's command, the Fourth army corps, from Fernandina, Fla., to Huntsville, Ala. Influences were brought to bear to prevent the execution of the order and it was suspended pending further investigation.

Late to-night the orders were renewed and instructions were sent to General Coppinger to hasten the movement of the troops. It is said at the War Department that there will be no further delay in the execution of the orders. General Coppinger now has in his corps at Fernandina about 9,000 men.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 1; Brooklyn, 5.

Cincinnati-Baltimore game postponed on account of rain.

Chicago—Chicago, 2; Boston, 1.

Cleveland, O.—Cleveland, 4; New York, 1.

St. Louis—St. Louis, 14; Washington, 5.

A dispatch from Vienna says that three hundred miners were drowned by the flooding of the Kasimer coal mine, Silesia, three days ago.

ARRIVALS AT HAVANA.

Vessels from New York and Other Places With Provisions—Gen. Blanco's Orders—Mails Re-established.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, August 24.—This morning the American schooner B. Frank Nealy arrived from Key West with twenty passengers and a large cargo of provisions. There also arrived the steamer Matanzas from New York with provisions, the French steamer Roger from Barcelona and the Mexican and Vera Cruz, all with provisions.

To-morrow the coasting steamer line from Batabano, on the coast, to Santiago, will be re-established. The vessel will carry mail, cargo and passengers to Santiago.

The commanding general in the Sancti Spiritus district reports that two American soldiers of the column operating with Maximo Gomez have presented themselves to him, being ill. They were immediately sent to the hospital. News has been received that Lieutenant Johnston has also arrived at Sancti Spiritus.

General Blanco has ordered that all Americans who present themselves be well received, that assistance be given them, and that they be treated with all consideration. The sick at the hospitals, General Blanco's order says, must be treated with solicitude and kindness. The colonial government has decided, with reference to custom house duties that merchandise from Santiago and other ports occupied by the American forces shall be considered foreign merchandise.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice August 25, 1898.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Miss Mary Agmus, Mrs J T Bayis, Mrs L Charles, Kittie Church, Mrs C T N Davis, Mrs Addie Downing, Mrs M J Duncan, Mrs B Foy, Miss Eva J Green, Euginia Holloman, Mrs Lizzie Hangward, Miss Mary Hall, Mrs Susie Hicks, Mrs M Holmes, Mrs Hannah V Jackson, Mrs Katie Johnson, Mrs J K Lee, Mrs Seddy Lanier, Mrs J B McNeill, Mrs Lealer McKay, Mrs Murry, Mrs M E Neth, Mrs T E Nenell, Mrs Carrie M Powell, Miss Louisa Perrington, Ellen E Robbins, Mrs Eliza Sheppard, Mrs Elunia Russell, Mrs Julia Richardson, Miss Mary Rogers, Mrs B Sovry, Mrs L Smith, Miss M F Spearman, Mrs Mark Stone, Miss Joanna Taylor, Mrs Emma Vankensen, Miss Emma D Williams, Miss Helen Williams, Miss Gessalee Williams, Mrs Hattie Wilkins.

MEN'S LIST.

G H Allen, Alexander Bordeaux, Trolter Bros, Stephen Bailey, Eugene Dixon, R G S Davis, J F Edwards, Augusta Fair, Henry Gilbert, Jno F Gassby, G W Harriss, John Jinkins, Henry Loyde, G D Lincoln, Jno R Labmer, J C Levy, Thos M Martin, T H McRoser, M H Nixon, W Newberry, C B Potter, Jno W Orrell, Andrew Sames, C T Swenson, W H Swepson, M H Thompson, Morgan T Wright, A A Wells, Charley Wilson, W B Wells.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead lettter office.

WM. H. CHADBOURN,
Postmaster.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

The Supreme Lodge—Routine Business. Appointments.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., August 24.—The Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias went into executive session at 9 o'clock this morning and adjourned at 12 o'clock. Much routine business was transacted, committees were appointed and reports were referred.

Representative Gale, of Massachusetts, resigned from the investigating committee appointed yesterday and George M. Handsome of Maine was appointed to fill the vacancy. Representative Bangs, of North Dakota, was made chairman of this committee and the members at once adjourned to begin their work.

Supreme Chancellor Colgrove appointed John H. Alexander, of Virginia, and William B. Gale, of Massachusetts, Supreme Tribunes.

Supreme Chancellor Colgrove also appointed the following committee to consider the question of changes in the Supreme Tribunal: Representatives Kuehnle, Iowa; Clizbe, Michigan; Barrington, Maine; Botton, New Jersey, and Weed, Wisconsin.

IN HAVANA HARBOR.

Removal of Mines and Torpedoes Expected Before Commission Assembles.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—Negotiations have been opened through diplomatic channels by which it is expected that the Spanish government will co-operate with the authorities here in the removal of the mines and torpedoes in Havana harbor before the military commission assembles there, the naval authorities believing this to be a proper precaution before any of our naval ships enter the harbor with the commissioners. The suggestion was made through the State Department, and has been forwarded to the Spanish government through the French embassy. There is little doubt but that the matter will be arranged.

WARM WIRELETS.

A Madrid dispatch says: The queen regent has signed the royal decree convoking the Cortes for September 5th.

After two days' session the Republicau State Convention of Missouri nominated a State ticket and adjourned *sine die*.

The Spanish government denies that it has sent an order to Blanco instructing him to resume hostilities against the insurgents. He has full liberty to act as occasion may require.

The Haytien government refuses to permit establishment of a United States weather bureau on the island on a suspicion that the United States intended it as an initiative in territorial acquisition.

The formal transfer of the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap and Louisville Railway to the Southern Railway was executed yesterday. The consideration was $901,710. The sale of the Knoxville belt line to the Southern Railway was also confirmed.

The military authorities at San Francisco have received instructions from Adjutant General Corbin countermanding previous orders to send a large body of soldiers to Honolulu. No more troops will leave until further notice.

The Republican State Convention of South Dakota nominated a ticket. Resolutions were adopted opposing free silver, approving President McKinley's conduct of the war, and commending the administration's course on the annexation question.

DEMOCRAT ASSASSINATED.

Party Nominee for the Legislature in the State of Georgia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, GA., August 24.—Hon. Thomas M. Adams, Democratic nominee for the Legislature, has been assassinated at Giles, a country town in Chattahoochee, remote from here. The deed was committed in a general row at a political gathering. A dispute between Jeff. Davis, a negro school teacher, Democrat, and William Bagley, a Populist nominee for the Legislature, precipitated a general fight in which several shots were fired. Mr. Adams was a bystander and received a bullet in the temple and one in the heart. Mr. Adams was very popular.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, fo 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

R. V. Leonard & Bro., Grocers and Commission Merchants, Nos. 2 and 3 South Water street. We solicit your consignments. Prompt sales and returns guaranteed. R. V. Leonard & Bro. au 25 tf

Lost—An Open Face Nickel Watch, Waltham movement. Number of works, 7221089. Suitable reward for return to R W. Scott, Sixth and Market streets. au 25 1t*

Finest Apples and Peaches. Also, Irish Potatoes and North Carolina Hams in abundance. See me before buying. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. au 23 tf

Wanted—Eight Thousand dollars wanted on improved real estate in Wilmington. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. au 21 1w

For Rent—Store on Front, between Market and Dock. Store No. 11 Market street. Store on South Water, between Market and Dock. Store on North Water, between Princess and Chesnut. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. au 21 tf

For Rent—Dwellings and Stores. Special attention given to rent collections. Taxes, insurance and repairs attended to without extra charge. Commission on collections reasonable. Andrew Smith, real estate agent. au 21 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208 sep 21 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

For Rent—Eight-room house with two-story kitchen adjoining. Third, between Chesnut and Mulberry streets. Water and sewer connections. Possession October 1st, 1898. Apply to James Knight. au 19 1w

Eggs, Chickens, Peaches and Apples, Irish Potatoes, &c., at R. B. Moore's, the wide awake Produce Commission Merchant, 125 Princess street. au 17 tf

Country Produce Shippers take notice. It will pay you to ship your Produce to H. J. Bierman, 213 Market street. All goods given careful attention and prompt returns made. au 14 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Country shipments solicited. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 388. P. H. Smith, 314 Campbell street au 14 tf

Photographs and Frames—Finest kind of Photographs. Beautiful new Frames to suit any Picture. Lovely Easels. Enlarging a specialty. Lowest prices in city. Satisfaction guaranteed. Ask for U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. au 3 tf

Ship Your Cotton, Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. I also inspect tar and turpentine. H. B. Register, 105 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 26 tf

To Country Merchants and Farmers—Ship your beef cattle and mutton and all country produce to M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. Best prices and prompt returns. jy 13 tf

R. R. LOVE & BRO.,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

110 North Water street. We solicit your consignments and orders.

One second hand Cook Stove and two second hand Show Cases for sale cheap.

au 2 1m R. R. Love & Bro.

CAPE FEAR ACADEMY

Begins its twenty-sixth session Sept. 19. A home School, preparing thoroughly for

Business or College,

saving much expense. Its pupils rank with the best. Careful attention to each pupil. Young pupils taken.

au 12 2w W. Catlett, 120 North Fifth street.

Carolina Beach and Southport

STEAMBOAT LINE.

Following Schedule in Effect After Monday, July 25th.

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M.

Leave Wilmington every day, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.

Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1,00 P. M.; 3.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.

Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 and 7.30 P. M. Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 and 8.30 P. M.

9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.

Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M boats to pier and return, 15 cents.

jy 26 tf J. W. Harper.

LIVERPOOL SALT.

600 Bags 100 Salt.
300 Bags 125 Salt.
200 Bags 180 Salt.
700 Bags 200 Salt.
100 Bags Table Salt.
25 Barrels Pocket Salt.
25 Barrels XXX Vinegar.
550 Barrels Flour.
900 Bags Flour.

W. B. Cooper,

Wholesale Grocer,

au 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M. Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.

On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.

The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight pre paid. GEO. R. FRENCH, President.

R. O. GRANT Superintendent. je 28 tf

Your Opportunity.

Occupying unsurpassed facilities to pack D. S. Meats of all kinds, it stands to reason we

Should Have Your Trade

or enquiries, and we shall take pleasure to REPLY PROMPTLY. We carry

RIBS, BUTTS, BELLIES, LARD, GRAIN, FLOUR, CIGARS.

If you are looking for the right place to spend your money, we are the people.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Warehouse A. C. Line trackage, Nutt St.

au 21 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comparoller.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans		$543,255 32	Capital		$125,000 00
Overdrafts		167 97	Surplus	$70,000 00	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)		40,100 00	Undivided profits	9,953 25	79,953 25
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00	Circulation		36,000 00
Due from other Banks	$109,664 22		Total Deposits		561,976 40
Cash on hand	99,741 94	209,406 16			
Total		$802,929 65	Total		$802,929 65

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	July 14, '96.	July 14, '97.	July 14, '98.
Total Deposits	$484,000	$514,000	$562,000
Surplus and Net Profits	56,700	69,000	79,900
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1898. jy 28 tf

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,

AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.

We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.

2.—You can draw it out when you need it.

3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and working for you while you are asleep.

☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. je 9 tf

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.

Remember, we have the largest stock of WALL PAPER in the State; all the LATEST STYLES, with suitable BORDERS TO MATCH.

Window Shades.

We make to order from GENUINE SCOTCH-HOLLAND, Window Shades, all sizes and kinds at BOTTOM PRICES.

Picture Framing.

Those having Pictures to Frame will do well to see our NEW LINE OF MOULDINGS.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

jy 17 tf Booksellers and Stationers, Wilmington, N. C.

WE HAVE Not Made Peace.

On the contrary we are still waging

A Bitter Warfare

against high prices on

Hardware and House Furnishings.

Come what will, the fight is going to be kept up as long as we stay in the business, and this means that the PLACE TO BUY anything in the

HARDWARE LINE at Rock Bottom Prices is at

J. W. Murchison's,

au 16 tf ORTON BUILDING.

Piano Prices.

Many People Pay Twice the Value of the Piano

When they buy because they are not posted as to prices, nor the quality of the goods.

You Can Buy a Lester Piano,

such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A for $225 cash or $250 on instalments. We have other good PIANOS still much lower.

Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano

can be bought from $350 upwards.

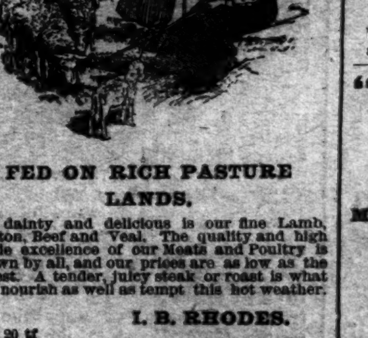
Cabinet Organs

proportionately low as to prices and a large stock.

E. VAN LAER,

402 and 404 North Fourth Street.

je 4 tf tu th sa

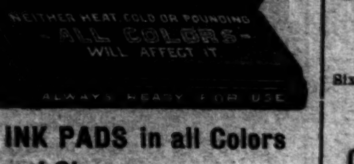


FED ON RICH PASTURE LANDS,

and dainty and delicious is our fine Lamb, Mutton, Beef and Veal. The quality and high grade excellence of our Meats and Poultry is known by all, and our prices are as low as the lowest. A tender, juicy steak or roast is what will nourish as well as tempt this hot weather.

I. B. RHODES.

au 20 tf



INK PADS in all Colors and Sizes.

Our Air Cushion Dating Stamp—the latest thing out.

Aluminum Pocket Seals,

The Best Seal Press on the market, weight 11 ounces.

A Font of Rubber Type, Ink Pad and Tweezers for only 35c.

WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS,

15 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.

Bell 'Phone 240. au 14 tf

FOR RENT.

Store No. 108 North Water St.

Possession given at once. Also a new two-story dwelling on Chesnut near Seventh street, having all modern conveniences, including Closet and Bath. Possession given October 1st. Also, that desirable 10-room Dwelling, corner of Seventh and Chesnut streets. All modern conveniences. Terms reasonable. Apply to

Morris Bear & Bros.,

au 21 tf 119 Princess street.

HINALYA,

THE KALA COMPOUND.

Nature's Great Specific for the Cure of Asthma.

Hinalya is a Positive Cure for Asthma,

and the address of parties in Wilmington and elsewhere can be given who HAVE BEEN CURED by its use. For sale by

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Y. M. C. A. Building,
au 21 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Barbadoes Molasses

Of Our Own Importation Now on Hand and

New Crop to Arrive.

WE CARRY ALL GRADES, STYLES AND PRICES.

The Worth Company.

jy 2 tf

A STUNNER.

Half Gal. Vanilla Syrup.... 30
Hal fGal. May Apple Syrup 30
One Smoked Tongue......... 50
One Can Gooseberries....... 15
One Can Russell Herring 10
Five lbs Pure Leaf Lard.,. 40
$1.75

ALL FOR 99c.

S. W. SANDERS,

au 20 tf At the Unlucky Corner.

Lard?

The Best Pure Leaf.... 7c per pound.
Granulated Sugar.......... 6c per pound.
Best Table Butter 22 1-2 per pound.

Don't you want half barrel of Fine Flour? We have it in half barrels and guarantee you can buy no better, $2.75.

THE KING GROCERY CO.

B. F. KING, MANAGER.
'Phone 387 Fourth Street Bridge.
au 17 tf

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

Medicines & Filling Prescriptions

from me, you run no risk whatever It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, store 150, and residence 269.

Yours, for some of your business.

James D. Nutt, The Druggist.

my 22 tf

St. Paul's Academy

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

Sixth and Princess streets, Wilmington, N. C.

Students Thoroughly Prepared for

COLLEGE AND BUSINESS.

Session opens September 26. Terms $3.00 and $4.00 per calendar month.

For information apply to

E. O. Counts, A. M., Principal, 215 North Seventh street,

or to A. G. Voigt, D. D., No. 12 North Sixth street. au 11 6w

Butter, Cheese, Cakes.

WE HAVE THE FAMOUS JAMESTOWN BUTTER, STRAIGHT'S P. N. CHEESE, AND CAKES AND CRACKERS OF BEST MAKES.

Receiving Fresh New Flour, and Can fill all Orders Promptly

Try a crate Swift's Winchester S. C. Hams.

A Nice Lot N. C. Bacon

on consignment.

Hall & Pearsall,

au 13 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.